DISABILITY SUPPORT ADVISORY COMMITTEE AND COMMUNITY & PUBLIC HEALTH ADVISORY COMMITTEE

Wednesday, 5 November 2014, 10.00 am Community Services Building, Southland Hospital, Invercargill

	AGENDA					
Tab						
1.	Welcome					
2.	Apologies					
3.	Presentation – Public & Population Health					
4.	Interests Registers					
5.	Previous Minutes					
6.	Matters Arising					
7.	Review of Action Sheet					
8.	Planning & Funding Team Report 8.2 Public Health South (PHS) Report					
9.	Annual Plan Quarterly Reporting					
10.	Financial Performance Report					
11.	Work Plan					
12.	Resolution to Exclude the Public					

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RESOLUTION:

That the Disability Support Advisory Committee and Community & Public Health Advisory Committees move into committee to consider the agenda items listed below.

The general subject of each matter to be considered while the public is excluded, the reason for passing this resolution in relation to each matter, and the specific grounds under section 34, Schedule 4 of the NZ Public Health and Disability Act 2000 for the passing of this resolution are as follows:

General subject:	Reason for passing this resolution:	Grounds for passing the resolution:
1. Previous Minutes	As per reasons set out in previous agenda	S 34(a), Schedule 4, NZ Public Health and Disability Act 2000 – that the public conduct of this part of the meeting would be likely to result in the disclosure of information for which good reason for withholding exists under sections 9(2)(i), 9(2)(j) and 9(2)(f)(iv) of the Official Information Act 1982, that is, the withholding of the information is necessary to enable a Minister of the Crown or any Department or organisation holding the information to carry out, without prejudice or disadvantage, commercial activities and negotiations, and to maintain the constitutional convention protecting the confidentiality of advice tendered by Ministers of the Crown and officials.

No apologies had been received at the time of going to print.

PRESENTATION: PUBLIC AND POPULATION HEALTH

- Thelma Brown, Portfolio Manager

SOUTHERN DISTRICT HEALTH BOARD INTERESTS REGISTER

Board Member	Date of Entry	Interest Disclosed	Nature of Potential Interest with Southern DHB
Joe BUTTERFIELD (Chairman)	21.11.2013 06.12.2010	Membership/Directorship/Trusteeship: 1. Beverley Hill Investments Ltd 2. Footes Nominees Ltd 3. Footes Trustees Ltd 4. Ritchies Transport Holdings Ltd (alternate) 5. Ritchies Coachlines Ltd 6. Ritchies Intercity ltd 7. Robert Butterfield Design Ltd 8. SMP Holdings ltd 9. Burnett Valley Trust 10. Burnett Family Charitable Trusts Son-in-law: 11. Partner, Polson Higgs, Chartered Accountants. 12. Trustee, Corstorphine Baptist Community Trust	1. Nil 2. Nil 3. Nil 4. Nil 5. Nil 6. Nil 7. Nil 8. Nil 9. Nil 10. Nil 11. Does some accounting work for Southern PHO. 12. Has a mental health contract with Southern DHB.
Tim WARD* (Deputy Chair)	14.09.2009 01.05.2010 01.05.2010	 Partner, BDO Invercargill, Chartered Accountants. Trustee, Verdon College Board of Trustees. Council Member, Southern Institute of Technology (SIT). 	 May have some Southern DHB patients and staff as clients. Verdon is a participant in the employment incubator programme. Supply of goods and services between Southern DHB and SIT.
John CHAMBERS	09.12.2013	 Employee Southern DHB and Vice President of ASMS (Otago Branch) Employed 0.05 FTE as an Honorary Lecturer of the Dunedin Medical School Director of Chambers Consultancy Ltd Wife: Employed by the Southern DHB (NIR Co- ordinator) 	 Union (ASMS) role involves representing members (salaried senior doctors and dentists employed in the Otago region including by SDHB) on matters concerning their employment and, at a national level, contributing to strategies to assist the recruitment and retention of specialists in New Zealand public hospitals. Possible conflicts between SDHB and University interests. Consultancy includes performing expert reviews and reports regarding patient care at the request of other DHBs and the Office of the Health and Disability Commissioner.
Neville COOK	04.03.2008 26.03.2008 11.02.2014	 Councillor, Environment Southland. Trustee, Norman Jones Foundation. Southern Health Welfare Trust (Trustee). 	 Nil. Possible conflict with funding requests. Southland Hospital Trust.

Southern DHB Members' Interests Register As at August 05, 2014

DSAC/CPHAC Meeting - Interests Registers

Board Member	Date of Entry	Interest Disclosed	Nature of Potential Interest with Southern DHB
Sandra COOK	01.09.2011	1. Te Runanga o Ngāi Tahu	1. Holds a "right of first refusal" over certain Crown properties. Also seen as a Treaty partner and affiliates may hold contracts from Southern DHB from time to time. Is also a founding member of the Whānau Ora commissioning agency, Te Putahitanga o Te Waipounamu, established March 2014.
Kaye CROWTHER	09.11.2007 14.08.2008 12.02.2009 05.09.2012 01.03.2012	 Employee of Crowe Horwath NZ Ltd Trustee of Wakatipu Plunket Charitable Trust. Corresponding member for Health and Family Affairs, National Council of Women. Trustee for No 10 Youth Health Centre, Invercargill. DHB representative on the Gore Social Sector Trial Stakeholder Group. 	Possible conflict if DHB contracts HR services from JCL and Progressive Consulting, which are subsidiaries of Crowe Horwath NZ Ltd Nil. Nil. Possible conflict with funding requests. Nil.
Mary GAMBLE	09.12.2013	1. Member, Rural Women New Zealand.	RWNZ is the owner of Access Home Health Ltd, which has a contract with the Southern DHB to deliver home care.
Anthony (Tony) HILL	09.12.2013	 Chairman, Southern PHO Community Advisory Committee and ex officio Southern PHO Board. Secretary/Manager, Lakes District Air Rescue Trust. 	Possible conflict with PHO contract funding. Possible conflict with contract funding.
Tuari POTIKI	09.12.2013 05.08.2014	 University of Otago staff member. Deputy Chair, Te Rūnaka o Ōtākou. Chair, NZ Drug Foundation. Director, Te Tapuae o Rehua Ltd Director Te Rūnaka Ōtākou Ltd 	 Possible Conflicts between Southern DHB and University interests. Possible conflict with contract funding. Nil. Nil Nil
Branko SIJNJA*	07.02.2008 04.02.2009	Director, Clutha Community Health Company Limited. 0.8 FTE Director Rural Medical Immersion Programme, University of Otago School of Medicine.	 Operates publicly funded secondary health services under contract to Southern DHB. Possible conflicts between Southern DHB and University interests. Employed as a part-time GP.
	22.06.2010 08.05.2014	 0.2 FTE Employee, Clutha Health First General Practice. President, New Zealand Medical Association 	
Richard THOMSON	13.12.2001	 Managing Director, Thomson & Cessford Ltd. Chairperson and Trustee, Hawksbury Community Living Trust. 	Thomson & Cessford Ltd is the company name for the Acquisitions Retail Chain. Southern DHB staff occasionally purchase goods for their departments from
	23.09.2003	3. Trustee, HealthCare Otago Charitable Trust.	it.

Southern DHB Members' Interests Register As at August 05, 2014

DSAC/CPHAC Meeting - Interests Registers

Board Member	Date of Entry	Interest Disclosed	Nature of Potential Interest with Southern DHB
	29.03.2010 06.04.2011 21.11.2013 & 03.04.2014	 Chairman, Composite Retail Group. Councillor, Dunedin City Council. Three immediate family members are employees of Dunedin Hospital (Radiographer and Anaesthetic Technician). 	 Hawksbury Trust runs residential homes for intellectually disabled adults in Otago and Canterbury. It does not have contracts with Southern DHB. Health Care Otago Charitable Trust regularly receives grant applications from staff and departments of Southern DHB, as well as other community organisations. May have some stores that deal with Southern DHB.
Janis Mary WHITE (Crown Monitor)	31.07.2013	 Member, Pharmac Board. Chair, CTAS (Central Technical Advisory Service). 	

^{*}Mr Ward and Dr Sijnja have both tendered their resignations from SCL Otago Southland Ltd (SCLOS) but these cannot be effected until contract variation executed by SDHB and SCLOS constitution varied.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT HEALTH BOARD

INTERESTS REGISTER FOR THE EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT TEAM

As at August 2014

Employee Name	Date of	Interest Disclosed	Nature of Potential Interest
Limployee Ivame	Entry		with Southern District Health Board
Steve Addison	16.08.2014	1. Chair, Board of Trustees, Columba College	
		2. Mother-in-law, Gore District Councillor	
Peter Beirne	20.06.2013	Nil	
Sandra Boardman	07.02.2014	Nil	
Richard Bunton	17.03.2004	 Managing Director of Rockburn Wines Ltd. Director of Mainland Cardiothoracic Associates Ltd. Director of the Southern Cardiothoracic Institute Ltd. Director of Wholehearted Ltd. 	 The only potential conflict would be if the Southern DHB decided to use this product for Southern DHB functions. This company holds the Southern DHB contract for publicly funded Cardiac Surgery. Potential conflict exists in the renegotiation of this contract. This company provides private cardiological services to
	22.06.2012	7. Chairman, Board of Cardiothoracic Surgery, RACS.	Otago and Southland. A potential conflict would exist if the Southern DHB were to contract with this company.
	29.04.2010	8. Trustee, Dunedin Heart Unit Trust.9. Chairman, Dunedin Basic Medical Sciences Trust.	 4. This company is one used for personal trading and apart from issues raised in '2' no conflict exists. 5. No conflict. 6. No conflict. 7. No conflict.
Donovan Clarke	02.02.2011	Te Waipounamu Delegate, Te Piringa, National Māori Disability Advisory Group.	1. Nil. 2. Nil.
	26.08.2013	 Chairman, Te Herenga Hauora (Regional Māori Health Managers' Forum). Member, Southern Cancer Network Steering Group. Board member, Te Rau Matatini. Te Waipounamu Māori Cancer Leadership Group 	3. Nil. 4. Nil. 5. Nil.
Carole Heatly	11.02.2014	1. Southern Health Welfare Trust (Trustee).	1. Southland Hospital Trust.

Employee Name	Date of	Interest Disclosed	Nature of Potential Interest
	Entry		with Southern District Health Board
Lynda McCutcheon	22.06.2012	Member of the University of Otago, School of Physiotherapy, Admissions Committee.	1. Lead contact for University of Otago undergraduate clinical placements (Allied Health, Scientific & Technical professions) in Southern DHB.
Lexie O'Shea	01.07.2007	1. Trustee, Gilmour Trust.	1. Southland Hospital Trust.
John Pine	17.11.201	Nil.	
Dr Jim Reid	22.01.2014	 Director of both BPAC NZ and BPAC Inc Director of the NZ Formulary Trustee of the Waitaki District Health Trust Employed 2/10 by the University of Otago and am now Deputy Dean of the Dunedin School of Medicine. Partner at Caversham Medical Centre and a Director of RMC Medical Research Ltd. 	
Leanne Samuel	01.07.2007 01.07.2007 16.04.2014	 Southern Health Welfare Trust (Trustee). Member of Community Trust of Southland Health Scholarships Panel. Member National Lead Directors of Nursing and Nurse Executives of New Zealand. 	 Southland Hospital Trust. Nil. Nil.
David Tulloch	23.11.2010 02.06.2011 17.08.2012	 Southland Urology (Director). Southern Surgical Services (Director). UA Central Otago Urology Services Limited (Director). Trustee, Gilmour Trust. 	 Potential conflict if DHB purchases services. Potential conflict if DHB purchases services. Potential conflict if DHB purchases services. Southland Hospital Trust.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT HEALTH BOARD

DISABILITY SUPPORT ADVISORY COMMITTEE COMMUNITY & PUBLIC HEALTH ADVISORY COMMITTEE APPOINTED MEMBERS

INTERESTS REGISTER

Board Member	Date of Entry	Interest Disclosed	Nature of Potential Interest with Southern DHB
Stuart HEAL	16.07.2013	 Chair, Southern PHO Director, Positiona Ltd Director, NZ Cricket Director, Pioneer Generation Ltd Chair, University Bookshop Otago Ltd Director, Southern Rural Fire authority Director, Triple Seven Distribution Ltd Director, Speak Easy Cellars Ltd Board Member, Otago Community Hospice 	PHO is contracted to the Southern DHB. Hospice provides contracted services for Southern DHB.

Southern District Health Board

Minutes of the Joint Meeting of the Disability Support Advisory Committee and Community & Public Health Advisory Committee held on Wednesday, 1 October 2014, commencing at 9.00 am, in the Board Room, Wakari Hospital Campus, Dunedin

Present: Ms Sandra Cook Chair

Mrs Kaye Crowther Dr Branko Sijnja Mr Tim Ward

In Attendance: Dr John Chambers Board Member

Mr Tony Hill Board Member Dr Jan White Crown Monitor

Mrs Sandra Boardman Executive Director, Planning & Funding

Mr Peter Beirne Executive Director Finance
Ms Carole Heatly Chief Executive Officer

Mrs Lexie O'Shea Deputy CEO/Executive Director Patient

Services

Ms Jeanette Kloosterman Board Secretary

1.0 WELCOME

The Chairperson welcomed everyone to the meeting.

2.0 APOLOGIES

Apologies were received from Mr Neville Cook and Mr Stuart Heal.

It was also noted that Mr David Tulloch, Chief Medical Officer, and Dr Keith Reid, Medical Officer of Health, had advised they were unable to be in attendance.

3.0 MEMBERS' DECLARATION OF INTEREST

Mr Ward informed the Committees that he had a client who was involved with the Winton aged care provider who had recently closed.

It was resolved:

"That the Interests Register be noted."

4.0 PREVIOUS MINUTES

It was resolved:

"That the minutes of the joint meeting of the Disability Support Advisory Committee and Community & Public Health Advisory Committee held on 3 September 2014 be approved and adopted as a true and correct record."

5.0 MATTERS ARISING

There were no items arising from the previous minutes that were not covered by the agenda.

6.0 PRESENTATION - PRIMARY CARE

The Committees received an update from Ian Macara, Chief Executive, Dr Keith Abbott, Clinical Advisor, and Wendy Findlay, Nursing Director, Southern Primary Health Organisation (PHO), and Bridget-Mary McGown, Manager, Alliance South, on the Southern PHO's:

- Operational activities and priorities
- Clinical governance
- Computer tools
- Patient dashboard
- Programmes and support
- Alliance South primary care work programme priorities
- Māori Health
- Integrated performance and incentive framework (IPIF)

7.0 ACTION SHEET

The Committees reviewed the action sheet (tab 7) and:

- Requested that the status of the pharmaceutical expenditure action be updated;
- Noted that the Alliance South work plan timeline had been omitted from the agenda and requested that it be circulated to members;
- Noted advice from the Executive Director Planning & Funding that between 1 January 2013 and 30 August 2014 there had been 13 gastro-intestinal disease outbreaks in early child care centres.

8.0 PLANNING & FUNDING REPORT

The Planning and Funding report and appendices (tab 8) were taken as read.

The Committees:

- Received an update from the Executive Director Planning & Funding informing them that advice had been received that the 5% increase to rest home subsidies would be funded on modelled actual expenditure for the current year, then would move to population based funding (PBF) over the following two years;
- Received a briefing from the Executive Director Planning & Funding on the action taken following notice of closure from the Winton aged residential care provider;
- Requested the actual number of children affected by general practices charging for after-hours care for under six year-olds.

9.0 FINANCIAL REPORT

The Executive Director Planning & Funding presented the Funder Financial Report for the period ended 31 August 2014 (tab 9) and outlined the steps that were being taken to mitigate the negative variance, then took questions from members.

10.0 WORK PLAN

The Committees reviewed the DSAC/CPHAC work plan for 2014 (tab 10) and noted that the focus of the next meeting would be child and youth services and the first quarterly report against the Annual Plan.

CONFIDENTIAL SESSION

At 10.15 am it was resolved that the public be excluded for the following agenda items.

General subject:	Reason for passing	Grounds for passing the resolution:
	this resolution:	
Previous Minutes		
		constitutional convention protecting the confidentiality of advice tendered by Ministers of the Crown and officials.

The meeting closed at 10.20 am.
Confirmed as a correct record:
Chairperson
Date

DISABILITY SUPPORT ADVISORY COMMITTEE (DSAC) AND COMMUNITY AND PUBLIC HEALTH ADVISORY COMMITTEE (CPHAC) ACTION SHEET

As at 24 October 2014

MEETING	SUBJECT	ACTION REQUIRED	ВҮ	STATUS	EXPECTED COMPLETION DATE
July 14	Southern Health Alliance (Minute item 7.0)	Update on SHALT work plan and timelines to be provided.	EDP&F	Uploaded to BoardBooks 1.10.14.	Completed
Oct 14	Under 6s (Minute item 8.0)	Actual number (not %) of children affected by general practices charging for after-hours care for under six year-olds.	EDP&F	As at 1 Oct 2014, the number of enrolled patients aged Under 6 yrs affected by charging for after-hours services: 5,192 (22 general practices via Invercargill After-hours Doctors: 5,174; 1 general practice at Queenstown: 18). Total SPHO U6yrs enrolled: 21,847	·

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SOUTHERN DISTRICT HEALTH BOARD

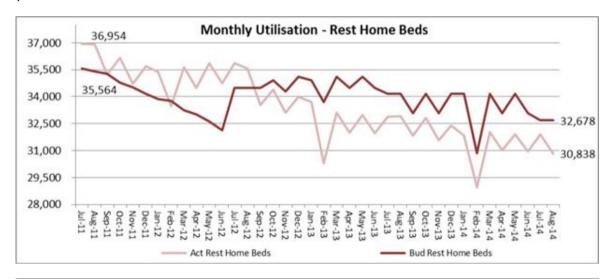
Title:		Pla	inning and Fundi	unding Report					
Report to:			Disability Support and Community & Public Health Advisory Committees						
Date of Meet	ing:	5 N	lovember 2014						
Summary: Monthly report	on the	Plai	nning and Funding	activities and progre	ss to date.				
Specific impli	ication	s fo	r consideration ((financial/workforce/r	isk/legal etc):				
Financial:	N/A								
Workforce: N/A									
Other:	N/A								
Document pr submitted to		ly	N/A		Date:				
Approved by Chief N/A Executive Officer:			N/A	Date:					
Prepared by:				Presented by:					
Planning & Funding Team				Sandra Boardman Executive Director Planning & Funding					
Date: 23 October 2014									
RECOMMENDATION:									
That CPHAC/DSAC note the content of this paper.									

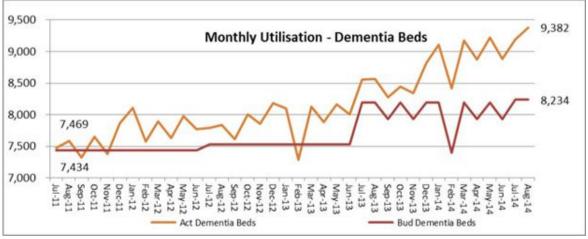
PLANNING AND FUNDING REPORT TO THE DISABILITY SUPPORT ADVISORY COMMITTEE AND COMMUNITY AND PUBLIC HEALTH ADVISORY COMMITTEE November 2014

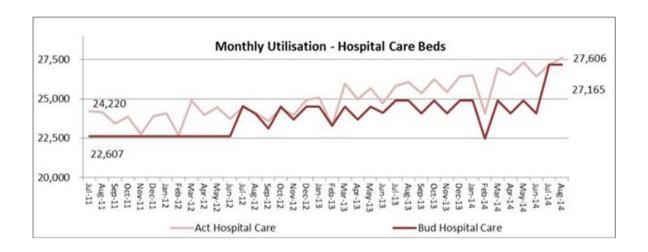
Health of Older People Portfolio

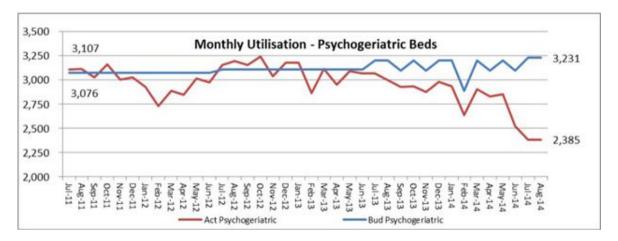
Bed day utilisation for Age Related Residential Care

The following graphs show the monthly bed utilisation rates for each category of age related residential care against the budget assumptions. The data is drawn from Sector Operations. It should be noted that the data is one month behind that shown in the September financials, which also reflect the impact of 2013/14 expenditure carried forward into the current financial year.









Aged Residential Care expenditure shows in two separate cost centres.

Residential Care: Rest Homes (6640) includes both Rest Home Level and Secure Dementia Levels of Care.

Residential Care: Hospitals (6650) includes Hospital Level Care and Psychogeriatric (Aged Continuing Care—Special) Care

This year, Long Term Support/Chronic Health Conditions clients requiring residential care have been included in these General Ledger lines (both the expense and the budget).

However, the graphs and utilisation figures show only the Aged Related Residential Clients.

For Residential Care: Rest Homes, the graphs show that Rest Home utilisation continues to decrease, faster than anticipated by the budget. This is due to the use of interRAI as a Comprehensive Clinical Assessment Tool, the Ageing in Place Strategy and the community supports available through our Home & Community Support Services (HCSS) Alliance. Utilisation of beds in Secure Dementia Units continues to increase at a rate higher than anticipated in the budget. Overall these two areas combined are tracking under budget.

For Residential Care: Hospitals, the graphs show that utilisation of Residential Hospital Care Beds is tracking just above budget. Utilisation of beds in Secure Psychogeriatric Units is tracking significantly below budget (note that this is a relatively small volume). Overall these two areas are tracking under budget.

Aged Related Residential Care (ARRC)

Issues discussed at recent forums with Aged Residential Care Providers include access to primary care in ARRCs, interRAI training for ARRC staff, dementia education, End of Life Care, and Infectious Outbreaks including Ebola updates. A number of facilities are planning to reconfigure rest home level beds to hospital level, or add hospital level beds to adjust to current demand in these areas.

Ranui Home & Hospital, run by Presbyterian Support Otago, celebrated a second four year certification. This is the longest certification period awarded which requires no audit findings and evidence of continuous improvement. Ranui is one of only six aged care facilities in Southern to hold a four year certification.

Home & Community Support Services (HCSS)

At a face to face meeting with the HCSS Alliance Management Team on 9 October, agreement was reached on funding for the 14/15 year. Contracts are to be finalised shortly. Operationally, the Alliance has agreed on and implemented a Review Schedule for all existing clients. As of the end of September, 97% of HCSS clients have had a Comprehensive Clinical Assessment (InterRAI). Work is currently being developed on case management for these clients.

HCSS In Between Travel

The Health Minister announced that a settlement has been agreed that will lead to home support workers getting paid for the time they spend travelling between clients. If ratified by all parties, this will take effect from 1 July 2015. Southern DHB has been assured that no party is to be materially disadvantaged by this settlement – and this includes each DHB.

Mental Health, Addiction & Intellectual Disability Portfolio

Hapai te Tumanako - Raise HOPE Implementation

The Hapai te Tumanako - Raise HOPE Implementation Plan, including the new District Wide Network Model for the Mental Health and Addiction Sector has now been communicated with the sector. The nomination process for membership of the District Networks "Network Leadership Group (NLG)" is under way, with appointees expected to be announced during November and a first meeting of the new NLG in December.

In the interim the Hapai te Tumanako - Raise HOPE implementation advisory group continues to support the Planning and Funding team to advance the milestone "What does success look like?" outlined in the Implementation Plan. A working group has developed an initial set of KPIs to measure success against the identified outcomes of Hapai te Tumanako - Raise HOPE and this will be further developed once the NLG is operational.

One-off Funding for Youth Alcohol and Drug Services in Social Sector Trial Communities in South Dunedin and Gore and Youth One Stop Shop Service Invercargill

With the support of the cross sector agencies involved in youth alcohol and drug issues, a comprehensive action plan has been developed for the utilisation of the one-off funding recently allocated by the Ministry of Health to SDHB. The Ministry of Health has now approved the action plan and a range of initiatives will be rolling out in the respective targeted locations as the 2015 school year commences. These initiatives include an interactive tool to support young people to seek help; and training workshops for teachers, primary healthcare staff etc on the use of a youth alcohol and drug screening tool.

Public and Population Health Portfolio

Family Violence Intervention Programme

The New Zealand Ministry of Health Violence Intervention Programme, (VIP) seeks to reduce and prevent health impacts of violence and abuse through early identification, assessment and referral of victims presenting to health services. The programme is premised on standardised system models of organisational change and reflects an indigenous whanau ora approach. Programme components include national guidelines, coordinators, technical advice, national networking, training, resources and evaluation.

A Southern district wide VIP Steering Group meeting was held for the first time in October. The purpose of the meeting was to provide a platform for communication and engagement across the district, enabling key stakeholders across sectors and the community to contribute to the development and implementation of violence intervention programme activities and outputs. Initial membership of the Steering Group includes representatives from relevant services within the Southern DHB staff, NZ Police and Child Youth and Family.

Needle Exchanges

There are dedicated needle exchanges throughout New Zealand funded by the Ministry of Health. Two of these exchanges exist within the Southern district - DIVO in Dunedin and SHRP in Invercargill. Both exchanges come under the governance of the Rodger Wright Centre in Christchurch.

Needle exchanges aim to reduce the harmful effects on health which result from injecting drug use. In addition to exchanging injection equipment, they offer free help and advice to injecting drug users about health issues. Needle exchanges do not condone the use of illegal drugs, but accept that drug use continues to exist despite its legal prohibition.

The rationale behind needle exchanges recognises that:

- Despite drug education and treatment programmes many individuals will choose to inject illicit and licit drugs for varying periods of time.
- People must be provided with knowledge and skills necessary to make informed choices about risk behaviours.
- The wider, non-drug using community faces a greater danger from the wider spread of HIV and hepatitis infections than it does from the effects of drug use itself.
- The harm reduction model accepts that in the absence of a vaccine or an effective cure, behavioural change is the only device to minimise the spread of HIV and other bloodborne diseases.
- Needle exchanges offer an opportunity to educate people who inject drugs on an individual basis. Through regular contact the safer injecting/safer sex message can be reinforced.

Needle exchanges usually do not offer treatment for addiction problems but they are able to give an overview of services available in various regions of the country. They can also help people find assistance that is most appropriate to them, particularly in relation to community based services. DIVO and SHRP carry a wide range of printed booklets and leaflets relating to various aspects of health and safety in respect of injecting drug use. They also have a multitude of reference literature, most of which are based on the self-empowerment principles of the Ottawa Charter model of health promotion.

Southern DHB Medical Officers of Health have responsibility under the Health (Needle and Syringes) Regulations 1998 to authorise the local sale or exchange of needles and syringes

(other than from pharmacies). The National Needle Exchange Programme is currently reviewing the authorisation documents and pathways and Dr Derek Bell, one of the SDHB Medical Officers of Health, is assisting with this process at a national level.

Children's Action Plan

- Governance arrangements and engagement processes have commenced within the DHB and with primary and community partners regarding implementation of the Children's Action Plan (CAP). A Child and Youth Health Steering Group has been established, to lead successful implementation of new programmes as required by the Ministry of Health and the Ministry of Social Development. The Group is chaired by Dr David Barker, Pediatrician and Clinical Leader for Child Health. Southern DHB plans for delivering on the Children's Action Plan and other government commitments are incorporated into the Southern DHB Annual Plan (2014-15).
 - Progress is currently under way on the implementation of the Child Protection Alert System (CPAS) and a working group has been established to work closely alongside the national VIP manager.
 - > The Violence Intervention Programme is in place in all designated services, with the final service roll out being maternity in Otago November 2014. A district wide Violence Intervention Programme Steering Group has just been established with the first meeting held on 17 October 2014.
 - > Consultation has begun with the Emergency Department regarding the Child Injury Flowcharts and progress continues.
 - > A stocktake of services for vulnerable pregnant women, children and parents across the care continuum be reviewed to identify service coverage, wait times, capacity issues and gaps.
 - > Southern DHB has a Child Protection Policy as well as a district overarching Violence Intervention Policy in place in accordance with the Vulnerable Children's Act requirements.

Compass

• The Child and Youth Health Compass provides specific direction for DHB approaches to improving the quality of health services for children and young people.

A number of DHB staff participated in a Compass evaluation process in 2013 which assessed SDHB as an emerging DHB across all the Compass domains, although the DHB has demonstrated strengths in specific areas. The Child and Youth Health Steering Group is prioritising Compass initiatives where there is potential for improvements in health and well-being. Proposed areas for initial attention include:

- ASH rates: Southern DHB has high rates of Ambulatory Sensitive Hospitalisations (ASH hospital admissions that could potentially be avoidable).
- Youth Health: Areas for attention include enabling consumer voice, development of youth groups, sexual health and access to contraception.

Other sectors, such as Ministry of Education, identified that they may be able to support or lead on some of the Compass initiatives, for example 'Severe Conduct Problems in Children and Young People'. On-going cross sector collaboration continues to progress improvement in key priority areas as identified through the Compass tool evaluation.

Primary and Community Portfolio

COMMUNITY PHARMACY

Stage 4 Roll out Consultation

With the introduction of Stage 4 of the Community Pharmacy Service Agreement (CPSA) the focus is now on the establishment of a new CPSA on the expiration of the current agreement on 30 June 2015.

There are concerns that the current CPSA and its four stages has deviated from the original intent of the introduction of the CPSA in July 2012. The intent was a move away from a medication dispensing model to one that was more focused on the patient and funding would follow patient-centred activities.

Accordingly, DHBs wish to review the current model to make changes prior to the introduction of the new agreement on 1 July 2015. However, due to the time to consult and potential software changes it would not be possible to achieve this by 30 June 2015.

DHB Shared Services is to conduct roadshows to consult with community pharmacists on designated issues including a delay in the introduction of the new CPSA. That is, a roll-over of the current agreement until 1 July 2016.

PRIMARY CARE

SOUTHERN PHO:

Information Systems (IS)

SPHO completed the final four locality meetings with general practices' staff at Alexandra, Cromwell, Wanaka and Queenstown on 7 and 8 October 2014 in preparation for the transition of IS and associated management services in-house by SPHO. The contract with SPHOs current IT provider finishes on 31 December 2014.

Progress with this significant service change is on schedule, with the specified timeframes and tasks in the Transition and Implementation Plan. SPHO has seven general practices (Mornington, Clutha First, Wanaka, Lumsden, Gardens, Junction and Aspiring) who are working with the implementation team as test sites to ensure the Web Portal, Patient Dashboard and Dr Info. systems and modules are effective operationally. At the locality meetings these products have been very positively received.

SDHB Strategic Health Services Plan

SPHO is actively helping and supporting Dr Pim Allen and her team to distribute the key documentation, especially to general practice and SPHO accredited providers. SPHO is strongly encouraging detailed feedback from the sector for this critical Plan.

Under 6s

Five SPHO practices across the district remain outside the scheme: four at Invercargill (Dr Terpstra; Vercoe, Brown and Associates; Victoria Avenue MC and Waihopai MC), one at Queenstown (Mountain Lakes Medical Practice).

SPHO is working closely with one of the Invercargill practices to facilitate their decision to join.

A total of 5 practices out of 89 practices represents a 94% overall coverage for the scheme, based on total U6 yrs enrolled patients.

The business rules and framework for the government's extension of the scheme to under 13 yrs are awaited. Once available SPHO will engage with practices with the funding and operational details for their decision.

AGM and Election of Trustees

SPHO's AGM is set for 26 November 2014. This year two trustee positions come up for rotation is accordance with the Constitution. SDHB have nominated Mr Paul Menzies as their representative and an election process for a nurses' representative has commenced. There are four candidates. The process is being conducted by Goldsmith Law as the independent electoral body appointed by the SPHO Board.

ALLIANCE SOUTH

Problem Solving Methodology

Alliance South have agreed to use the A3 Problem Solving Framework for all Service Level Alliance work and as the basis of reporting. An initial briefing and introduction to the methodology was given to the Alliance Leadership Team by Allan Cummings. A3 is a structured problem-solving approach that ensures thorough understanding of the problem before coming to the solutions. Allan will work alongside all the SLATs as they are formed to support them to implement the A3 process. The Status A3 is a one-page reporting format for progress reporting which the Alliance will transition to as all SLATs implement the A3 methodology.

Rural Health

The Rural SLAT has now met twice. At its second meeting, the group considered whether focusing initially just on the four rural funding streams (which is a potentially negative and very challenging starting point) might present a risk to the group being able to make progress on wider rural health issues.

It was acknowledged that there is a range of broader rural health issues that could usefully be addressed, however a broader focus may require the group's membership to be changed. An overall strategic plan would be needed to inform which issues were the priorities to address, and this plan is currently under development for the Southern Region. One advantage of focusing on rural funding as a first priority is that it would allow the group to build credibility and to develop the range of skills that would be needed to address broader issues in the future.

After some discussion, the group agreed to continue with rural funding as the priority piece of work in the short term. Concurrently the group will provide input to the Strategic Health

Services Plan from a rural primary care perspective. Once rural funding is completed, a broader focus on rural health will be discussed.

Since the second meeting, group members have been busy meeting with rural practices throughout the region to discuss how their rural funding is used currently, and how they would like to see it used in the future. The group is aiming for all rural practices to be consulted prior to the next meeting. An objective for the next Rural SLAT meeting (scheduled for 30 October) is for the group to reach agreement on exactly what problem it is that they are trying to solve, and therefore to be clear on what they are trying to achieve. The feedback gathered from rural practices will be important information to help the group decide these two points.

A second item for discussion at the upcoming meeting will be the Strategic Health Services Plan, currently out for consultation. The group has expressed an interest in reviewing this document and providing a rural primary care perspective.

Respiratory

A data stratification exercise was completed using the patient profile of having had =>1 ED presentation/admission in the last 12 months for a respiratory episode and aged >40 years. There were 119 patients who have been identified, with COPD. The SPHO Long Term Conditions Team is working with identified General Practices to implement care planning, by enrolling patients onto Care Plus if they qualify, using the COPD Blue Card and recommended clinical guidelines to ensure this group of patients remain well at home.

To date, patients have had intensive care management that includes home visits to assess what happens within the home environment. Referrals to allied health services, discussion with pharmacies and hospital respiratory nurses specialists and close coordination with the patient's General Practice will work towards reducing any risk of further readmission/presentation to hospital. Some General Practices have chosen to contact and invite patients into the practice, enrol onto Care Plus and complete the COPD Blue Card. Southland commencing within the next week.

InterRAI is being installed for the SPHO Long Term Conditions Nurses to assist with understanding the Clinical Needs Assessment process and which Home and Community Support Services provider is working alongside the patient.

Population	Otago & North Otago	Southland	Central & South Otago
Patients visited, enrolled on Care Plus, with Blue COPD card in place	18	0	6
Patients visited, enrolled on care plus, declined Blue COPD	3		0
Total new enrolment onto Care Plus	21		6
Patient deceased	1		0
Remaining number of patients to contact	31	58	3
Total number of patients	52	58	9

A workshop of key stakeholders is being planned for November to prioritise the key activity required to develop a system solution for respiratory services across the district.

Community and Hospital Pharmaceuticals

Following on from the activity occurring in the primary setting, a personalised introductory letter has now been sent to 101 vocationally registered doctors working in secondary care in the Southern DHB region. Secondary care visits have now commenced beginning with Neurology, Cardiology and Older Person's Health.

Guidelines and supporting publications have been detailed and distributed to GPs, Practice Nurses and Pharmacists during September around five of the priority pharmaceuticals to support activity in this area.

137 visits were completed during September in the Dunedin, Central Otago and Invercargill localities. This brings the total number of visits to date to 247. Visits have continued to focus on primary care and the prescribing of risedronate, oxycodone and amino acid formula and have been targeted to prescribers and practices on the basis of their prescribing behaviour. The next round of visits will focus on statins, omeprazole and prescribing for chronic pain.

A survey to gauge the effectiveness of the campaign to date is planned for mid-October.

Discussions have occurred with SPHO to progress the Disposing of Unwanted Medicines through Pharmacies (DUMP) campaign with the implementation plan being finalised for approval by the Community and Hospital Pharmaceutical SLAT at their next meeting.

Late October will see the introduction of the polypharmacy campaign.

Attachments:

1. PHS Report

SOUTHERN DISTRICT HEALTH BOARD

Title:	F	PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE REPORT				
Report to:	C	Community & Public I	Health Advisory Committee			
Date of Meet	ing: 5	November 2014				
Summary: The issues considered in this paper are: • Public Health Service activity						
Specific impl	ications	for consideration ((financial/workforce/r	isk/legal etc):		
Financial:	Nil					
Workforce:	Nil					
Other:	Nil					
Document pr submitted to		N/A		Date: dd/mm/yy		
Approved by Executive Off		No	Date: dd/mm/yy			
Prepared by:		·	Presented by:			
Lynette Finnie			Dr Keith Reid			
Date: 15/10/1	L4					
RECOMMENDATIONS:						
1. That C	PHAC ac	cept this report.				

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE REPORT TO THE SOUTHERN DHB COMMUNITY AND PUBLIC HEALTH ADVISORY COMMITTEE 5 November 2014

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that the Community and Public Health Advisory Committee note this report.

Settings and Lifestyles

Outcome 1	Reduce the impact and incidence of smoking related disease
Outcome 2	Reduce the impact and incident of obesity and overweight

Outcome 3 Reduce the impact and incidence of harm from alcohol and other drugs

Alcohol Health Promotion Workshop

On 26 September Public Health South hosted an alcohol health promotion workshop for the South Island Public Health Partnership. The workshop, funded by the Health Promotion Agency, brought together staff from the South Island public health units to build evidence based strategic focus for alcohol health promotion in the South Island.

Professor Sally Casswell and Sally Liggins (both of the SHORE research team at Massey University) updated the group on the context for alcohol health promotion in New Zealand and the current evidence for effective strategies to reduce alcohol related harm. The afternoon was spent developing two ideas for work flows for South Island wide work. The conclusion was that the group will focus on:

- Strengthening and supporting regulatory work as we are in a critical timeframe with the relatively recent introduction of the Sale and Supply of Alcohol Act 2012.
- Social supply of alcohol to minors.

Each Public Health Unit will develop these ideas to fit within their current resourcing.

Smokefree Non-Governmental Agencies Training

Smokefree 2025 is a Government goal with the aim of less than 5% of the adult population smoking by the year 2025. There are many different projects supporting this goal and one is the requirement by Southern DHB for health contract holders to ensure their premises have a smokefree policy. There have been on-going requests for support for the staff in these organisations to assist in transitioning to a smokefree site.

Training was organised in Dunedin and 21 people from 11 different organisations attended the sessions aimed at supporting change within non-Government organisations. The training was facilitated by Mark Wallace-Bell from the National Heart Foundation. There has been challenges experienced by the services that are now required to update their smokefree policy, and the aim was to provide participants with the 2025 context and enable them to discuss the issues they were currently experiencing in terms of moving towards smokefree sites.

Evaluations were positive with 11 or 20 respondents highlighting a need to further up-skill in order to maintain supportive conversations with clients who are trying to stop smoking. A plan is now being developed to explore delivering a series of trainings in motivational interviewing.

Communicable Disease and Food Safety

Outcome 4 Reduce the impact and incidence of communicable disease

National Yersinia Pseudotuberculosis Outbreak

An increase in notifications of *Yersinia pseudotuberculosis* has been seen in New Zealand since 1 September 2014, with the Enteric Reference Laboratory (at the Institute of Environmental Science and Research) reporting 141 cases (101 confirmed, 41 presumptive). This compares with 0–4 cases notified during September for the years 2010–2013. Forty cases have reported to have been hospitalised.

Cases have been reported from 10 District Health Boards across the country including Canterbury, Capital and Coast, Waitemata, Hutt Valley, Southern, Lakes, Auckland, Bay of Plenty and Hawke's Bay. The majority of cases have however occurred in the three main regions - Auckland, Christchurch, and Wellington.

Typical symptoms of a *Yersinia pseudotuberculosis* infection include fever, abdominal pain and symptoms that can mimic appendicitis. The incubation period is three to ten days with symptoms usually lasting 2 to 3 days but it can be up to 2 to 3 weeks. *Yersinia pseudotuberculosis* has many potential animal reservoirs, and person to person spread is uncommon. Transmission via food is a primary route for infection mainly from the consumption of fresh produce such as raw vegetables. Outbreaks of *Yersinia pseudotuberculosis* are not common, and have been associated with the consumption of fresh vegetable produce in previous outbreaks.

As of 6 October, there have been eight confirmed and two presumptive positive cases in the Southern region including cases from Dunedin, Queenstown, and the Waitaki and Clutha areas. One case in the Southern region was admitted to hospital. Further investigation into the cases nationally has been initiated by the Ministry of Health, the Institute of Environmental Science and Research and the Ministry of Primary Industries. Public Health Units have been following up cases with a generic questionnaire followed by a more targeted questionnaire to identify possible sources. To date no specific sources have been identified and investigations are ongoing.

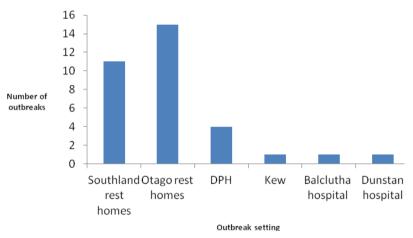
Outbreaks Associated with Elderly and Acute Care Facilities in the Southern Region During the period 1 May to 31 August 2014 there were 47 outbreaks notified in the Southern region in comparison to 27 reported in the same period in 2013. Of the 47 outbreaks reported, 33 (70%) occurred in elderly care or acute care facilities compared to only 8 (30%) in the previous year.

Outbreaks in Southern Region 1st May to 31st August 50 45 40 35 No. of Outbreaks 30 other 25 disability care 20 early childhood ■ hospital 15 rest home 10 5 0 2013 2014 Year

Figure 1: Comparison of outbreak settings

Of the 33 outbreaks in the elderly or acute care setting, 26 occurred in elderly care facilities with the remaining seven occurring in a hospital setting. The breakdown is further shown in the following graph:

Figure 2: Breakdown of elderly and acute care outbreak settings for period May to August 2014



The causative agent was identified in 23 of the outbreaks, with Norovirus the cause in 22 and Sapovirus in one. In several of the outbreaks at Dunedin Public Hospital (DPH) multiple causative agents were identified, with *Clostridium difficile* present in addition to Norovirus. The cause could not be identified in ten of the outbreaks.

The predominant type of Norovirus remains the GII.4 genotype. In New Zealand, the GII.4 genotype has been the predominant cause of outbreaks for the last decade and has been responsible for 74% of outbreaks in the year to date. The most common strain is the Sydney 2012 variant, which has been the cause of 99% of GII.4 outbreaks in New Zealand in the year to date.

In total, there are 952 cases¹ attributed to the 33 outbreaks. In the smallest outbreak, there were three cases. In the largest, there were 125 cases.

In the course of investigating the outbreaks, a number of issues and areas for improvement around outbreak management were identified, one of which includes communication procedures. In response to the outbreaks there has been a series of meetings involving Public Health South, Infection Prevention and Control, and Planning and Funding to form an action plan to address the issues identified.

It is not possible to predict when outbreaks will occur, however, it is expected that Norovirus will play an increasing role in outbreaks of gastroenteritis due to the aging population and their susceptibility to illness. It is therefore important that learning opportunities are made use of to improve outbreak management systems.

¹ This includes patients, residents, and staff.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT HEALTH BOARD

Title:		rogress on Delivering Priorities and Targets - DHB nnual Plan 2014/15					
Report to:		sability Support and ommittees	d Community & Public	c Health Advisory			
Date of Meet	ing: 5	November 2014					
Summary: This report shows the progress in Quarter One on delivering on the plans, actions and commitments in the Southern DHB 2014/15 Annual Plan. It highlights completed actions and achievements. Where activity is still to be completed, a brief narrative is provided on planned action and any issues affecting delivery and potentially impacting on the timing or ability to complete.							
Specific impl	ications f	or consideration ((financial/workforce/r	risk/legal etc):			
Financial:	inancial: N/A						
Workforce:	N/A						
Other:	N/A						
Document pr submitted to		n/a	Date:				
Approved by Executive Off			Date:				
Prepared by:			Presented by:				
Planning & Fur	nding		Sandra Boardman				
Date: 28.10.2	014		Executive Director Planning & Funding				
RECOMMENDATIONS:							
That the Committees note the progress in Quarter One on delivering the Annual Plan 2014/15 and the intended actions where activity is incomplete.							

Progress Report on Delivering the Southern DHB Annual Plan 2014/15

Quarter One - Progress Report

Planning & Funding

DELIVERING ON PRIORITIES AND TARGETS

PROGRESS ON THE ANNUAL PLAN 2014/15

This template outlines how Planning and Funding is to monitor progress on delivering on the plans, actions and commitments in the Southern DHB 2014/15 Annual Plan.

A report will be produced at the end of each quarter that will contain an indication of progress against plan, and where necessary a brief narrative if activity is behind plan. This will highlight achievements and also flag any issues affecting delivery and potentially impacting on the timing or ability to complete.

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Immunisation

PROGRESS ON DELIVERING ON PRIORITIES AND TARGETS: ANNUAL PLAN ACTIONS

Immunisation								
Section	Action	ns/Activity	Measures	Time- frame	Progress	Progress Narrative		
1.1 Immunisation	1.1.1	Continue the Southern DHB Vaccine Preventable Disease (VPD) Steering Group	VPD Steering Group meets 3 times per year	Trame	•			
	1.1.2	All babies entered onto NIR are followed up to ensure a Practice of Enrolment			•			
	1.1.3	NIR contact General Practice regarding any babies not 'Accepted' for Enrolment'	% of babies enrolled at 3 months of age		•			
	1.1.4	Monthly internal audit of babies about to reach 8 Month target to ensure correct data entry, assess 'Decline' rate	Monthly review of Datamart Reports to regularly measure coverage		•			
	1.1.5	'Week day' review of Inpatient and weekly review of Outpatient Birth Cohort children to identify unvaccinated children. Where clinically appropriate, immunisations are delivered by paediatric nurses			•			
	1.1.6	Maintain positive working relationships between VPD Team; especially the Immunisation Coordinators with NGOs and introductory visits with government agencies.			•			
	1.1.7	Maintain active involvement with locality based Well Child Groups and Southern DHB Well Child Forum			•			
	1.1.8	Maternity providers/LMCs provide birth notification to NIR to a check list on registration			•			
	1.1.9	Regular 'as needed' communication with General Practice to ensure early engagement	% of newborn registered with a GP		•			
1.2 Rheumatic Fever	1.2.1	The Public Health Unit will undertake a review of each new identified case involving rheumatic fever	Report to Ministry of Health on actions taken and lessons learned		•			
	1.2.2	Multi-stakeholder review of the implementation of rheumatic fever prevention and management plan	Multi-stakeholder meeting(s) held	Q4	•			
	1.2.3	Implement the South Island Rheumatic Fever Prevention Plan	All members of the Public Health partnership provide a surveillance function for rheumatic fever	Q2,Q4	•			

2 Vulnerable Children and the Children's Action Plan

PROGRESS ON DELIVERING ON PRIORITIES AND TARGETS: ANNUAL PLAN ACTIONS

Vuli	nerable Children and the	Childre	en´s Action Plan				
Sect	ion	Actions	s/Activity	Measures	Time- frame	Progress	Progress Narrative
2.1	Reducing Assaults on Children	2.1.1	Maintain performance of current VIP programme	Conduct an independent Self audit of Southern DHB VIP using the AUT VIP audit tool Participate in the AUT snapshot audit of children's and maternity wards	Q1	•	
		2.1.2	Inclusion of VIP in Southern DHB Orientation and clinical staff mandatory training days	,		•	
		2.1.3	Provide Ministry-accredited training for health professionals to recognise signs of abuse and maltreatment in designated services	Stock take to establish health professional VIP training levels in designated areas Q4		•	
		2.1.4	Implement the Child Injury Flow chart in the Emergency Departments (ED)	Child Injury Flow chart available in ED	Q3	•	To be started in Q2
2.2	Implementing the Children's Action Plan	2.2.1	Recently established Child and Youth Steering Group to guide implementation of the Children's Action Plan (CAP)	CAP is a standing agenda item on bi-monthly C&Y Steering Group meetings		•	Child and Youth Steering Group will evolve into the Child and Youth SLAT. Meeting frequency still to be determined.
		2.2.2	Support pregnant women with complex needs through the establishment of a pilot site for the national Maternity Care Wellbeing and Child Protection Interagency groups	Work closely with the national VIP manager and the Office of the Privacy Commissioner in establishing pilot	Q4	•	
		2.2.3	Gateway Health Assessments for children referred from Child, Youth and Family strengthening interagency collaboration and access for children and young people to improved health and educational support	100% of Gateway Assessments for children aged 0-4 years completed within 4 weeks; aged over 5 years completed within 6 weeks		•	The service is reaching the new targets 80% of the time.
		2.2.4	Establish weekly patient focused multi-disciplinary meetings (Mental health & addictions, Paediatrics, Ministry of Education and other providers as required)			•	Gateway service has fortnightly meeting with the multi-disciplinary team.
		2.2.5	Introduce a standard screening tool to identify parental status of mental health and addiction community clients	Screening tool implemented	Q3	•	
2.3	Child Protection	2.3.1	Implement the National Child Protection Alert System (NCPAS)	Implement NCPAS by June 2015	Q4	•	To be started in Q2
		2.3.2	Develop a process to monitor the application and implementation of loading alerts into NCPAS	Policy on the application, use and removal of national child protection alert system (NCPAS) endorsed by DHB		•	To be started in Q2
				Standardised documentation is in use		•	To be started in Q2
		2.3.3	Collaborate with other agencies to plan, test and monitor assessment processes to support early response systems, assessment processes and delivery of coordinated services for vulnerable children	Establish protocols for NCPAS implementation by June 2015	Q4	•	To be started in Q2

9

3 Prime Minister's Youth Mental Health Project

PROGRESS ON DELIVERING ON PRIORITIES AND TARGETS: ANNUAL PLAN ACTIONS

Prime	Minister's Youth Mer	ntal Hea	lth Project				
Sectio	n	Action	s/Activity	Measures	Time- frame	Progress	Progress Narrative
3.1	Primary Care Services for Youth	3.1.1	Establish a youth services Service Level Alliance Team (SLAT)	Youth services SLAT established	Q1	•	Investigating the feasibility of utilising and evolving the current child and youth steering group.
		3.1.2	Review and update existing youth services stock take information	Youth services stocktake update	Q2	•	
				Identify potential service issues - gaps and duplication	Q3	•	
		3.1.3	Develop a Youth Services SLAT action plan	Youth Services SLAT action plan developed	Q4	•	
		3.1.4	Continue HEADSSS assessments to vulnerable youth in Decile 1-3 schools, teen parent units and alternative education	-		•	HEADSSS assessments are provided to this cohort with the exception of the Te Wharekura O Arowhenua school (based in Invercargill). This is being worked through with the support of the Mac Directorate Manager and the appointment of a Maori nurse in the well child team.
3.2	Youth Mental Health & Addiction	3.2.1	New district-wide services established as part of the Southern DHB youth exemplar initiative	Agreed protocols in place to deliver follow-up care plans to primary care providers	Q1	•	Services have now implemented transition plans for primary care providers on discharge, with the agencies involved in review/discharge planning.
				Link youth exemplar initiative into the Youth Services SLAT		•	
		3.2.2	Provide increased access to Youth Mental Health and AOD services in North Otago and Southland	Youth exemplar initiative delivering services in North Otago	Q1	•	
			utilising new capacity provided by the youth exemplar initiative	Youth exemplar initiative delivering services in Southland	Q1	•	
		3.2.3	Review transfer of care between CAFS and YSS secondary and primary and NGO services with a focus of ensuring safe transfer of care between providers	Review current processes	Q1	•	
				Trial a process of follow up calls with the primary provider to encourage prompt follow up	Q2	•	Transfer of care between CAFMHS and YSS occurs with meetings and phone/e-mail.
				Trial a process of follow up calls with the patient/carer to ensure follow up by the primary service has commenced	Q2	•	Transfer of care from YSS/CAFMHS between secondary services -Paediatrics, EPS, ward 9c occurs with, phone, e-mail Transfer of care between YSS and NGO partners occurs with meetings, e-mail, phone.
		3.2.4	Introduce a navigator role to support Pacific People around mental health and addiction services	Navigator commences in Invercargill	Q1	•	
				Navigator supports cultural assessments for MHA clients		•	
.3	Social Sector Trials	3.3.1	Develop and implement a health promotion package	Health promotion package implemented	Q2	•	
		3.3.2	Develop and pilot a community resources "whanau pack"	Pilot completed	Q2	•	
				Completion of three campaigns aimed at parents by Dec 15		•	
		3.3.3	Utilising a multi–agency planning group develop a package of education initiatives	Development and implement plan for rolling out package	Q2	•	
		3.3.4	Develop an AOD clinical pathway	Youth AOD Pathway implemented	Q2	•	
		3.3.5	Youth provider network to lead the development of an integrated referral processes	Integrated referral process implemented	Q4	•	Investigating the feasibility of utilising and evolving the current child and youth steering group.

Completed

Underway according to plan

Underway but progress is not as planned

Not started and behind plan

4 Whānau Ora

PROGRESS ON DELIVERING ON PRIORITIES AND TARGETS: ANNUAL PLAN ACTIONS

Wh	Whānau Ora								
Sect	ion	Action	s/Activity	Measures	Time-	Progress	Progress Narrative		
					frame				
4.1	Developing Mature Providers	4.1.1	Improved access to primary health care services, more comprehensive whanau centred assessments by Kaiāwhina/navigators* and practitioners (identifying and responding to chronic conditions that previously wouldn't have been picked up)	% of whānau accessing primary care services	Q4				
		4.1.2	Develop a referral pathway to navigators around follow-up support for Māori patients transitioning from hospital to home	Number of referrals to navigators	Q3				
		4.1.3	Support where possible career pathways and professional development for navigators	Number of Māori workforce enrol into tertiary education					
4.2	Supporting Strategic Planning	4.2.1	Model an integrated approach through relationship, back room support, best practice and delivery of services that respond to whānau needs (Iwi Governance, Management Advisory Group Māori Health, Māori Provider/Whānau Ora Collective participation	Māori Provider/Whānau Ora Collective develop a strategic or operational plan	Q2				
		4.2.2	Establish a Māori provider forum to progress Whānau Ora initiatives	Māori provider forum established	Q1	•	Forum has been established. Now incorporated into the consultation process for the draft Southern Strategic Health Services Plan		
		4.2.3	Develop a working relationship with South Island Whānau Ora Commissioning Agency Te Puhahitanga o Te Waipōunamu	Meeting attendance and participation	Q1	•	Te Puhahitanga o Te Waipōunamu have presented at both Te Herenga Hauora and Tumu Whakarae in regards to their primary focus which is whānau driven innovations/investment and integration of working relationships/services. The CEO of Te Puhahitanga has been invited to attend the next Te Herenga Hauora meeting in November to provide an up-date on their direction/investments as well as discuss how best we can support each other.		
4.3	Provider Development	4.3.1	Work alongside Māori Providers and Whānau Ora Collectives to support initiatives	Number of hui to support initiatives					
		4.3.2	Building on existing service approaches by supporting navigators to reduce barriers to access by linking whānau into clinics and services that best respond to their needs (Tamariki Ora checks, general health checks, CVD and diabetes risk assessments)	% of whānau that have received health checks	Q3				
		4.3.3	Collectives in the establishment of Nurse-Led Clinics	Number of Māori Providers with nurse-led clinics established in rural high needs areas	Q1	•	Nurse-led clinics established. Monitor over next 2 years		
			within designated rural high need areas	Number of whānau engaged in nurse-led clinics in rural high needs areas					

5 Improved Access to Diagnostics

Imp	roved Access to Diagno	stics					
Secti	ion	Action	s/Activity	Measures	Time-	Progress	Progress Narrative
5.1	Community Referred Diagnostic Imaging	5.1.1	Continue development of clinical pathways that facilitate or improve quality of direct access to plain film x-rays and ultrasound	Implement Community Acquired Pneumonia (CAP) pathway with clear criteria for urgent same day chest x-ray	frame	•	
		5.1.2	Implement the Community and Primary Radiology Referral Guidelines once released	Develop and implement radiology e-referral (ERMS) templates with criteria		•	Part of ERMs rollout.
		5.1.3	Participate in the development and implementation of the National Patient Flow System	Submit data to the collection as required	Q1	•	
		5.1.4	Work with regional (South Island) and national clinical groups to contribute to the development of improvement programmes			•	Rollout of National Radiology Service improvement programme
5.2	High Tech Imaging	5.2.1	delivery model that maximises utilisation of current resources	New service model established	Q4	•	
				Increase MRI scanner operational time to 12 hours per day	Q1	•	MRTs being recruited for the additional hours and date being established based on availability of MRTs.
		5.2.2	Develop a workforce and recruitment strategy for SMOs and other key roles to support diagnostic imaging service model	Workforce and recruitment strategy developed	Q2	•	
		5.2.3	Workshops to educate and raise awareness of appropriateness and over-use of imaging	Workshops completed	Q2	•	
		5.2.4	Implement new single IT platform with radiology information system (RIS) and Pictorial Archiving Computer System (PACS) applications	RIS and PACS implemented	Q3	•	
5.3	Cardiac Diagnostics	5.3.1	Commit to maintain performance of coronary angiography service	90% of accepted referrals for elective coronary angiography will receive their procedure within 3 months (90 days)		•	
		5.3.2	Improve the data capture across multiple sites for echocardiograms exercise tolerance tests	Establish the baseline for performance	Q2	•	Working through issues – no clear way to capture data. Continue to progress.
				Identify issues and set up quality improvement initiatives to achieve targets	Q4	•	

6 More Heart and Diabetes Checks

_	re Heart and Diabetes Chec		to it is	1	Time-	T	I
Sect	tion	Actions/Activity				Progress	Progress Narrative
					frame		
6.1	Identification	6.1.1	Increase the utilisation of existing IT software tools (BPI and Dr Info) to increase the number of patients at being risk identified and assessed	90% of practices utilising BPI or Dr Info	Q2	•	
		6.1.2	Practices utilise DRINFO to establish list of patients sorted by low, med, high and very high CVD risk for follow-up as appropriate			•	
		6.1.3	PHO establish a database to identify patients at risk of developing a long term condition and stratify enrolled service users (ESU) at practice and PHO level	Risk stratification database implemented	Q3	•	SPHO is changing IT providers from 1 January, 2015 and this project will be a priority for the PHO under the new arrangement.
6.2	Management	6.2.1	Long Term Conditions Quality Improvement Teams established to improve long term conditions (particularly CVD and diabetes) services within general practice	Long Term Conditions Quality Improvement Teams established	Q1	•	Registered Nurses and Community Dieticians have been appointed in Southland and Otago. Dieticians are providing 11 consultations with patients as well as health eating group education across the district. The RN's are working alongside General Practice to support patients with LTCs, focusing on patients with Diabetes and COPD. Self-Management Group Education for Type 2 Diabetes (DESMOND) is also being rolled out across the district.
		6.2.2	Individualised practice reports with progress and achievement against CVDRA provided monthly	80% of practices receive monthly reports	Q2	•	
6.3	Enablers	6.3.1	Employ GP and nurse clinical champions to provide guidance to practices and other providers			•	
		6.3.2	Roll out of MoH sponsored online health toolkit providing advice, guidance and resources	Toolkit available to practices	Q2	•	
		6.3.3	DRINFO train the trainer sessions provided through visiting practices	Number of practice staff trained to use DRINFO		•	
		6.3.4	DHB funding for CVDRA and PHO Performance Programme funding will be used to support CVDRA achievement	Electronic decision support tools (DRINFO & BPI) are available for general practice	Q1	•	
		6.3.5	Maintain ongoing CME programme for Cardiovascular Risk Assessment			•	

7 Diabetes and Long Term Conditions

PROGRESS ON DELIVERING ON PRIORITIES AND TARGETS: ANNUAL PLAN ACTIONS

	etes and Long Term Co	_		Measures	T	I	Normal State of the Control of the C
Section	on	Actions/Activity			Time- frame	Progress	Progress Narrative
7.1	Prevention & Identification	7.1.1	Develop a Green Prescription pathway	Green Prescription pathway implemented	Q1	•	
		7.1.2	Increase the utilisation of existing IT software tools (BPI and Dr Info) to increase the number of patients at being risk identified and assessed	90% of practices utilising BPI or Dr Info	Q2	•	
		7.1.3	PHO establish a database to identify patients at risk of developing a long term condition and stratify enrolled service users (ESU) at practice and PHO level	Risk stratification database implemented	Q3	•	SPHO is changing IT providers from 1 January, 2015 and this project will be a priority for the PHO under the new arrangement.
		7.1.4	PHO and DHB share information to identify high health users for inclusion in the PHO Integrated Primary Care (IPC) Programme			•	
7.2	Management	7.2.1	Continue implementation of the Diabetes Care Improvement Package (DCIP)	80% of eligible people complete DCIP		•	
		7.2.2	Increase the capacity and capability in primary care through referrals to funded services, e.g. podiatry, dietetics, green prescriptions and specialist nursing	Podiatry and dietetics services available from utilisation of Budget 2013 funding of \$197k pa		•	Dietetics services have been implemented. A Podiatry service stocktake has been completed. Information will be provided to PHO to increase access.
			services	Number of referrals to accredited providers		•	
				DCIP pathways developed	Q1	•	
		7.2.3	Establishment in areas of high need multi- disciplinary teams (MDT) - clinical pharmacists,	MDT established in Mataura and Invercargill	Q1	•	Occurring as a pilot in 4 practices in Southland.
			dieticians, podiatrist and specialist long-term conditions nurses - to support management of LTCs	MDT established in Otago	Q4	•	To be reviewed as the PHO only has funding available to support roll-out of this project in Southland.
		7.2.4	Review the DCIP including the parameters of the diabetes HBA1c management indicators, incentive model and reporting system	DCIP review completed	Q3	•	
7.3	Enablers	7.3.1	Employ GP and nurse clinical champions to provide guidance to practices and other providers			•	
		7.3.2	Roll out of MoH sponsored online health toolkit providing advice, guidance and resources	Toolkit available to practices	Q2	•	
		7.3.3	Implement GP CME and Practice Nurse education in support of identification, assessment and management of patients with diabetes and pre- diabetes	CME available	Q2	•	
		7.3.4	Develop a long-term conditions strategy that incorporates care in all settings	Strategy adopted by DHB and PHO	Q4	•	
		7.3.5	PHO to run regular meetings & workshops to connect practices with other community providers including Maori and Pacific health groups			•	
		7.3.6	Investigate IT solutions to integrate the work undertaken by clinicians working outside of general practice with general practice	Options identified	Q4	•	Developing a community CVRDA tool for other health providers to use that feeds information back int General Practice

Completed

Underway according to plan

Underway but progress is not as planned

8 Cardiac Services

Completed

Underway according to plan

PROGRESS ON DELIVERING ON PRIORITIES AND TARGETS: ANNUAL PLAN ACTIONS

Card	diac Services							
Secti	ion	Action	s/Activity	Measures	Time-	Progress	Progress Narrative	
					frame			
8.1	Acute Coronary Syndrome (ACS)	8.1.1	Phased introduction of Common Accelerated Chest Pain Pathways (ACCPs) in emergency departments (localised from the regionally developed pathway)	ACCP is developed and implemented	Q4	•		
		8.1.2	Heart failure pathway is developed to assist management in the community and reduce acute admissions/readmissions	Heart failure pathway implemented	Q1	•	Completed but not operational	
		8.1.3	Complete implementation of ANZAC QI and Dendrite databases (including staff training)	Reporting to ANZACS	Q1	•		
				Staff are trained	Q1	•		
				Verify data and report accuracy	Q3	•		
		8.1.4	Use data from ANZAC QI to review equity in access for rural patients and establish levels of compliance to high risk ACS patients			•		
8.2	Cardiac Surgery	8.2.1	As a cardiac surgery provider, sustain performance against cardiac surgery waiting list expectations	≥170 cardiac surgery discharges delivered	Q4	•	The total year target is 208 (MOH spread sheet). Target 65 (at week 15) – achieved 62. Behind due to high number of postponements due to ICU capacity, currently on track to achieve target.	
		8.2.2	Monitor ESPIs and intervention rates to ensure equity of access and continued compliance with wait times	No patient waits more than 5 months for FSA or treatment during 2014, and no more than 4 months from January 2015		•		
				Cardiac surgery intervention rates (per 10,000) are achieved; Cardiac Surgery 6.5; Coronary Angiography 34.7; Percutaneous revascularisation 12.5		•		
		8.2.3	Maintain consistency of clinical prioritisation for cardiac Surgery patients, by using the national cardiac CPAC tool, and treating patients in accordance with assigned priority and urgency timeframe			•		
8.3	Work with the South Island Cardiac Alliance Work stream and National Cardiac Network	8.3.1	Continue implementation of regionally agreed protocols and pathways for patients with Acute Coronary Syndrome (ACS) to ensure prompt risk stratification, stabilisation and appropriate transfer of ACS patients			•		
		8.3.2	Continue participation in the provision and collection of data for the national Cardiac (ANZACS QI) and Cath/PCI Registers to enable monitoring of intervention rates and quality of service delivery			•		
		8.3.3	Support development of a regional Common Accelerated Acute Chest Pathway and Percutaneous Coronary Intervention Pathway			•		
		8.3.4	Support a regional approach to the storage/sharing of ECGs			•	Awaiting CAPEX approval	
		8.3.5	Support development of a regional approach to cardiology nurse training through the Regional Training Hub			•	Not required for SDHB	

Underway but progress is not as planned

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9 Stroke Services

PROGRESS ON DELIVERING ON PRIORITIES AND TARGETS: ANNUAL PLAN ACTIONS

Strol	ke Services						
Secti	on	Action	s/Activity	Measures	Time- frame	Progress	Progress Narrative
9.1	Stroke Services Clinical Leadership	9.1.1	SDHB multi-disciplinary Stroke Governance Group continues the lead in development of stroke services	Stroke Governance Group meets monthly		•	
			across the DHB	Stroke Governance Group supports education and staff development		•	
		9.1.2	Nursing and medical stroke leaders at each DHB hospital	Allied Health stroke leaders appointed	Q2	•	
9.2	Hyper Acute Stroke	9.2.1	Maintain stroke thrombolysis service across the district	24/7 stroke thrombolysis service at Dunedin Hospital including providing backup for district		•	Complete
				24/7 stroke thrombolysis service at Oamaru Hospital		•	
				8am-10pm stroke thrombolysis service at Invercargill Hospital		•	Complete
		9.2.2	Establish stroke thrombolysis service at Dunstan Hospital	Staff education plan in place	Q2	•	Lead Stroke Physician Dunedin Hospital continues to work with Dunstan medical team
		9.2.3	All stroke thrombolysis services use agreed thrombolysis pathway and audit tool	All thrombolysis patients are audited		•	
		9.2.4	Ongoing training and education on the management of TIA and thrombolysis			•	
9.3	Acute Stroke	9.3.1	DHB wide use an evidence based acute stroke pathway, guidelines and audit tool	All hospitals use a dedicated acute stroke pathway		•	
				All hospitals begin rehabilitation at the time of admission to acute service to provide improved patient outcomes		•	
		9.3.2	DHB maintain dedicated acute stroke inpatient beds at Dunedin and Invercargill Hospitals			•	
		9.3.3	Establish nurse lead swallow screening	Established in Dunedin Stroke Unit	Q2	•	
				Established across district	Q4	•	Further work required to consolidate timeline action plan to ensure this is completed on target
		9.3.4	Participate in the national acute stroke audit			•	
9.4	TIA Services	9.4.1	Develop stroke and TIA pathways for primary care (HealthPathways) which includes fast tracking to the	Stroke pathway for primary care available on HealthPathways	Q3	•	
			vascular surgery team for carotid endarterectomy	TIA pathway for primary care available on HealthPathways	Q4	•	
		9.4.2	Outpatient TIA clinics are offered in Dunedin and Invercargill			•	
9.5	Stroke Rehabilitation	9.5.1	Review and monitor implementation of stroke pathways across ED, medical wards, rural hospitals and stroke units			•	Significant piece of work to establish.
		9.5.2	Interdisciplinary team assesses all patients in stroke unit for rehabilitation	Proportion of people with acute stroke who are transferred to in-patient rehabilitation service		•	

Completed

Underway according to plan

Underway but progress is not as planned

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Progress on Delivering Southern DHB Annual Plan 2014/15 - Quarter One

Stroke Services	roke Services									
Section	Actions/Activity	Measures	Time-	Progress	Progress Narrative					
			frame							
		60% of people with acute stroke are transferred to in-patient rehabilitation service and are transferred within 10 days of acute stroke admission.		•						
	9.5.3 Establish sustainable community based rehabilitation services	Establishment commenced	Q4	•						

10 Shorter Stays in Emergency Departments

Shor	ter Stays in Emergency	Depart	ments				
Secti	on	Action	s/Activity	Measures	Time-	Progress	Progress Narrative
					frame		
10.1	Emergency Departments	10.1.1	Implement ED Suite of Quality Measures	All continuously (C) monitored measures	Q2	•	Being driven by Quality Team
				All regularly (R) reported measures	Q4	•	Continuing according to plan
		10.1.2	Provide targeted data to speciality services to increase visibility of issues and potential solutions	New reporting implemented	Q3	•	Continuing as expected
		10.1.3	3 Review and standardise reporting across the District; daily reporting of breaches, and weekly analysis of breach information	Agree new suite of standardised reporting measures	Q1	•	Continues daily
				Agree standardised trend analysis for dissemination	Q2	•	Daily information disseminated
		10.1.4	Examine potential to reconfigure models of care within the ED	Complete scoping work	Q2	•	CNS model in Dunedin reviewed. Work continues on other areas.
		10.1.5	Phased introduction of Accelerated Chest Pain Pathways (ACCPs) in emergency departments	ACCP is developed and implemented		•	On track.
		10.1.6	.6 Review ED clinical staffing models and numbers in Dunedin and Invercargill to ensure appropriate staffing	Review completed	Q2	•	Complete for both departments and FTE adjustments.
				Review implemented	Q4	•	Complete for Dunedin
		10.1.7	Alignment of senior nursing roles in Dunedin and Invercargill	Role alignment completed	Q2	•	Regional senior nurse scoping underway. Progressing towards closer alignment with CNS roles.
		10.1.8	Continue implementation of rapid rounds to prompt earlier discharge and free up beds	All medical areas to be undertaking daily rapid rounds	Q4	•	Complete
		10.1.9	Explore opportunities for an automated delivery system for laboratory results in Invercargill to improve turnaround times	Options are identified	Q1	•	

11 Acute Care and Demand

Acute	Care and Demand						
Section	1	Action	s/Activity	Measures	Time- frame	Progress	Progress Narrative
	Sustainable After- Hours Services	11.1.1	Promote general practice uptake of phone triage for after-hours services	75% of general practices utilising phone triage services		•	
		1.1.1	SPHO to utilise data on ED attendances to assist practices in providing a more responsive service	Identify frequent attenders to ED		•	
				Patients able to access primary care as required		•	SPHO continues to work with practices and other potential providers to improve capacity, to provide more timely consultations
		11.1.2	DHB and PHO to continue exploring opportunities for improved access to out-of-hours primary care coverage in Invercargill	Assess feasibility of nurse led clinics	Q1	•	The PHO has developed a proposal for a nurse led solution for consideration by the GP Committee overseeing after hours care in Invercargill.
	Primary Options to Acute Care	11.2.1	Develop pathways that provide primary care access to telephone advice from specialist services	Pathways developed for acute respiratory and frail elderly	Q1	•	
		11.2.2	Alliance commits flexible funding to POAC services	\$200k invested in POAC services for 2014/15		•	
		11.2.3	Introduce rapid response teams that are able to see people in the community	Rapid response team implemented in Invercargill	Q1	•	Still being piloted
				Rapid response team implemented in Dunedin	Q2	•	As above
		11.2.4	Implement 7 day a week respiratory POAC service to initially target acute exacerbations of COPD	Respiratory POAC service implemented	Q1	•	Working Group has been established.
		11.2.5	For eligible at risk patients explore writing off bad debt with general practice to enable access to necessary acute care	Options for writing off bad debts identified	Q1	•	Not started – However Southern PHO voucher programme is available to ensure all high needs patients have necessary access to acute care, if they cannot afford to pay.
		11.2.6	Explore voucher system for GP follow up of discharged patients	Options for GP voucher system for discharged patients identified	Q1	•	Southern PHO voucher programme is available for high needs patients for GP follow up as necessary, if they cannot afford to pay.
11.3	Frequent Attenders	11.3.1	Continued roll-out of the SPHO Integrated Primary Care (IPC) programme providing a wraparound service for people with complex needs	Number of practices with IPC		•	
		11.3.2	Implementation of fully operational Early Supported Discharge (ESD) Southland service	Business case approved	Q2	•	
				Southland ESD operational	Q4	•	Maybe integrated into the Rapid Response Service
		11.3.3	Work with St John to develop a new service delivery model for the ambulance service with sector wide Patient Care Plans for those with high health needs, and who need a consistent approach from health			•	Future project – plan and timeframe to be developed.
		11.3.4	PHO and DHB share information to identify high health users for inclusion in the PHO Integrated Primary Care (IPC) Programme			•	Work has been underway re COPD and Frail Elderly. Plan and timeframe to be developed.
		11.3.5	Develop clinical pathways for common conditions that may lead to ED or hospital admission	Develop pathways for CHF, COPD, and respiratory infections		•	

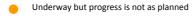
12 Better Help for Smokers to Quit

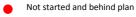
PROGRESS ON DELIVERING ON PRIORITIES AND TARGETS: ANNUAL PLAN ACTIONS

Better Help for Smoke			1	1-	
Section	Actions/Activity	Measures	Time- frame	Progress	Progress Narrative
12.1 Hospitals	12.1.1 All Provider Arm directorates have the ABC target embedded in their quality plans with regular ongoing monitoring	ABC question is embedded in nursing admission documentation; medical & surgical assessment		•	
	12.1.2 Include mandatory field on completing ABC in the hospital electronic discharge summary	Update electronic discharge summary when available		•	Awaiting implementation of new patient administration system
	12.1.3 Smokefree coordinators provide ABC training to nursing, midwifery and allied health staff on mandatory training days	1000 staff receive ABC training in 2014/15		•	
	12.1.4 All new ward staff receive ABC training from online tool with support from ward champions	100% of new ward staff complete ABC online training module		•	
	12.1.5 Investigate feasibility of including ABC in the Emergency Department Information System (EDIS)	Feasibility study completed	Q1	•	Feasibility has been explored and due to the age of the EDIS system is not able to be completed.
12.2 Primary	12.2.1 Increase the utilisation of existing IT software tools (BPI and Dr Info) to increase the number of patients identified as smokers and provided with ABC		Q2	•	
	12.2.2 Employ GP and nurse clinical champions to provide guidance to practices and other providers			•	
	12.2.3 Smokefree Coordinators and Outreach Nurses provide support and resources to general practice and community providers with high numbers of current smokers			•	
	12.2.4 SPHO to continue text to remind services			•	
	12.2.5 SPHO undertake audits of practice patient management systems			•	
	12.2.6 SPHO supports and collates ABC data from community providers	ABC data from community providers is reported to the Ministry of Health		•	SPHO has initiated discussion with some community providers (pharmacists), particularly in relation to IT data transfer possibilities into SPHO IT system.
12.3 Community	12.3.1 Provide feedback to LMCs on the better help for smokers to quit maternity Health Target	Publish maternity Health Target results in LMC newsletters		•	
	12.3.2 Facilitate ABC training for LMCs not achieving the "better help for smokers to quit" maternity Health Target			•	It is not possible to get down to individual LMC level information not available
	12.3.3 Health promotion staff work with councils and loca NGO's via smoke free networks to engage in smoke free 2025 initiatives			•	
	12.3.4 Assist workplaces to develop a smoke free 2025 approach to their interactions with both staff and clients.			•	
	12.3.5 Support providers contracted for DHB funded services to implement the new requirements aroun smoke free	d		•	
	12.3.6 Smoking cessation providers are promoted and referral pathways strengthened	Facilitate improved referral pathways between LMCs and smoking cessation providers		•	



Underway according to plan





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Better Help for Smokers to Quit								
Section	Actions/Activity	Measures	Time-	Progress	Progress Narrative			
			frame					
12.4 Sector	12.4.1 Sector-wide refresh of the Tobacco Control Plan	Revised Tobacco Control Plan adopted	Q2	•				

13 Elective Surgery

Elect	tive Surgery						
Section	on	Actions	s/Activity	Measures	Time- frame	Progress	Progress Narrative
13.1	Elective Surgery	13.1.1	Delivery on the agreed electives volume schedule to meet the Electives Health Target	Monitor performance against the elective surgery production plan		•	
		13.1.2	Production plans are developed, monitored, and where necessary modified, based on achieving (or working towards) performance requirements and equity of access	Elective standardised intervention rates - SI4		•	
		13.1.3	Participate in the development and implementation of the National Patient Flow System	Submit data to the collection as required	Q1	•	
		13.1.4	Orthopaedic Pathway Programme (OPP) integrated into business as usual	Performance against KPIs maintained		•	
		13.1.5	Enhanced Day Surgery and Ambulatory Care (EDSAC) project	Increased proportion of elective and arranged surgeries are day of surgery admission - base 89% -	Q4	•	
		13.1.6	Maintain consistency of clinical prioritisation for elective surgery patients, by using the national Clinical Priority Access Criteria (CPAC) prioritisation tools, and treating patients in accordance with assigned priority and urgency timeframe			•	
		13.1.7	Principles from The Productive Operating Theatre (TPOT) are embedded into business as usual	Performance against KPIs maintained		•	
		13.1.8	Redesign of the surgical preadmission process at Dunedin Hospital incorporating learning's from a similar project in Invercargill			•	
		13.1.9	Implement the South Island eReferral tool Electronic Request Management System (ERMS) to help streamline and improve referral processes	ERMS implemented	Q1	•	
13.2	Work within the Regional Elective Services Alliance to	13.2.1	Participate in the development of regional pathways that can then be localised to improve consistency in processes, equity of access and outcomes	Urology pathways developed and implemented locally	Q3	•	
	align electives delivery across the South	13.2.2	Support the establishment of regional major trauma work-stream and development of a three year action	Major Trauma work stream established	Q1	•	
	Island		plan	Major Trauma clinical leads identified	Q2		
		13.2.3	Participate in the implementation of major trauma register including provision of local data as required	Major Trauma registry established	Q4	•	Planning underway and regular meetings of services involved in trauma have commenced on the Dunedin site and a preliminary meeting has occurred on the Southland site. A business case has been prepared to identify the resource required to participate in this initiative

14 Cancer Services

Cano	er Services						
Section	on	Actions/Activity		Measures	Time- frame	Progress	Progress Narrative
14.1	Faster Cancer Treatment (FCT)		ne faster cancer treatment indicator to ta is captured in a consistent manner	Audit completed	Q1	•	Feedback from MOH regarding low numbers reported under 62 days. Work has been undertaken with IT to remedy this. Planning to resolve in the next quarter
			METRIQ to gather data from various r reporting FCT	Trial completed	Q2	•	Linked with Southern Cancer network
		14.1.3 Link cance are captur	r registry to METRIQ to ensure all patients ed	Cancer registry linked	Q3	•	Linked with Southern Cancer network
		are impler	nal tumour standards of service provision nented. (including a focus on supportive ative care and equity standards)	Breast, gastro-intestinal and, gynaecological tumour stream audits completed	Q4	•	
			aps for tumour streams and Central Otago o assist cancer nurse coordinators	Process maps are completed	Q2	•	
14.2	Shorter Waits for Cancer Treatment		nce sustained against the radiotherapy and rapy wait time targets			•	
		14.2.2 Maintain r	egistrar training for medical physicists			•	
			additional two multidisciplinary meetings hich comply with MOH guidelines.	Additional MDMs introduced	Q3	•	
		proforma	ectronic referrals and the capture of data to improve compliance in MDM in all tumour streams	Meet the MDM standards in the 9 tumour streams		•	
14.3	Endoscopy and Colonoscopy Services		t priorities for the Endoscopy Quality ent (EQI) programme	Progress reported quarterly		•	
			single district referral centre utilising local on tools to meet the National Referral	Referral centre operational	Q3	•	
		14.3.3 Implemen	t e-referrals for colonoscopy	e-referrals for colonoscopy established	Q2	•	Partially rolled out. Part of the South Island e-referrals project.
		system wit streamline	data from MOSAIQ Medical Oncology th other clinical information systems to the workflow from first diagnosis and treatment and follow-up	Data integration enabled	Q4	•	
14.4	Work with the Southern Cancer Network to align	course rad	ull cover for SCDHB patients to have long liotherapy at SDHB thus supporting agreed apacity sharing agreement			•	Averaging 1-2 referrals per months – calculated to be 4 per month. Escalation to CDHB is underway to understand why we have not had the referrals expected
	strategic activity across the South Island.		ne regional review of three more tumour andards including provision of relevant	Regional audit against tumour standards complete	Q3	•	
		Regional L National R Southern I	e Southern Cancer Network modelling, inear Accelerator Investment Plan and the adiation Oncology Plan to ensure nas appropriate radiation treatment o meet future demand.			•	

15 Primary and Integrated Care

PROGRESS ON DELIVERING ON PRIORITIES AND TARGETS: ANNUAL PLAN ACTIONS

Primary and Integrated Care	:					
Section	Action	s/Activity	Measures	Time- frame	Progress	Progress Narrative
15.1 Strengthened Planning and Accountability	15.1.1	Southern Health Alliance completes an action work plan and agree utilisation of flexible funding	SHA work plan and flexible funding approved	Q1	•	Work plan agreed and developed
	15.1.2	Establish Service Level Alliance Teams (SLAT) or work streams to support the Alliance work plan	Acute Demand & Pharmaceutical SLAT established 2013/14		•	Pharmaceutical SLAT established Acute Demand SLAT being progressed with Expressions of Interest having been called for. Three streams of activity under Acute Demand commenced.
			Establish Rural Health, Radiology & Youth SLATs	Q1	•	Rural Health SLAT established Youth Health SLAT membership and terms of Reference to be approved Oct 14
	15.1.3	Implement the Integrated Performance and Incentive Framework (IPIF)			•	
	15.1.4	Utilise the Hospital Ethnicity Data Audit Toolkit (HEDAT) to assess the quality of ethnicity data and	Steering group supporting HEDAT established	Q1	•	
		systems for data collection, and provide guidance on quality improvement activities.	Audit completed and results published	Q3	•	
			90% accuracy of ethnicity data collection in DHB databases		•	
	15.2.1	Develop pathways that provide primary care access to telephone advice from specialist services	Pathways developed for acute respiratory and frail elderly	Q1	•	
	15.2.2	Embed GPSI services for skin lesions, Mirena insertions, and pipelle biopsies	1200 funded skin lesion procedures performed by GPSI service		•	
			75 funded Mirena insertions performed by GPSI service	Q3	•	GPSIs for Mirena planned to be introduced in early 2015.
			75 funded pipelle biopsies performed by GPSI service	Q3	•	GPSIs for pipelle biopsies planned to be introduced in early 2015.
	15.2.3	Implement 7 day a week respiratory POAC service to initially target acute exacerbations of COPD	Respiratory POAC service implemented	Q1	•	Initial activity commenced and Pathways to support under development to be introduced in early 20
	15.2.4	Maintain primary care access to radiology	Implement the Community and Primary Radiology Referral Guidelines once released		•	
	15.2.5	For eligible at risk patients explore writing off bad debt with general practice to enable access to necessary acute care	Options for writing off bad debts identified	Q1	•	Not started – However Southern PHO voucher programme is available to ensure all high needs patie have necessary access to acute care, if they cannot afford to pay.
	15.2.6	Explore voucher system for GP follow up of discharged patients	Options for GP voucher system for discharged patients identified	Q1	•	Southern PHO voucher programme is available for high needs patients for GP follow up as necessary they cannot afford to pay.
5.3 Rural Health	15.3.1	Establish a Rural Service Level Alliance Team (SLAT)	Rural SLAT established	Q1	•	
	15.3.2	Rural SLAT to develop and implement a plan for distribution of the Rural Primary Care Funding	Plan for distribution of Rural Primary Care Funding is agreed	Q4	•	
		according to the agreed processes in the PHO Services Agreement	Distribution of Rural Primary Care Funding is implemented	Q1 (15/16)	•	
	15.3.3	Work alongside the Rural SLAT to support the single practice that maybe excluded from rural funding from 1 July 2014 based on the In/Out Criteria (30 mins/30 kms from a base 2 hospital and/or population of 15,000 or less).			•	Rural SLAT has been established and are identifying those practices that will be excluded from receiving rural funding

Completed

Underway according to plan

Underway but progress is not as planned

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Primary and Integrated Care	rimary and Integrated Care										
Section	Actions/Activity	Measures	Time-	Progress	Progress Narrative						
			frame								
15.4 Youth Health	15.4.1 Establish a youth services Service Level Alliance Team (SLAT)	Youth services SLAT established	Q1	•	Youth Health SLAT membership and terms of Reference to be approved Oct 14 and SLAT established by end of Q 2						

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16 Health of Older People

PROGRESS ON DELIVERING ON PRIORITIES AND TARGETS: ANNUAL PLAN ACTIONS

Health of Older People						
Section	Actions	s/Activity	Measures	Time- frame	Progress	Progress Narrative
16.1 Rapid Response and Discharge	16.1.1	Maintain Dunedin based Early Supported Discharge (ESD) service which was expanded from July13 to	Review ESD after 9 months (April 2014)		•	
Management Services		include inpatient services and Emergency Dept, and extension of service delivery hours into week day evenings and Saturdays.	Ongoing Formal 6 monthly reviews with all stakeholders	Q2 & Q4	•	
	16.1.2	Implementation of fully operational Early Supported Discharge (ESD) Southland service	Business case approved	Q2	•	
			Southland ESD operational	Q4	•	
L6.2 Home and Community Support Services	16.2.1	HCSS provided through the HCSS Alliance provided with additional funding for cost pressures and	Cost pressure and demographic adjustment of \$1.2M provided to HCSS Alliance		•	
		demographic growth	Additional \$382k from 2013 Budget has been fully utilised in the HCSS Alliance		•	
	16.2.2	Work with the DHB National HOP Steering Group in developing and implementing core quality measures for HCSS	HCSS core quality measures are developed and implemented		•	DHB is waiting for National Health of Older People Steering Group to progress
Pathways	16.3.1	A district wide multi-agency (secondary/primary/ACC/NGO sector) Falls Strategy Group formed in March 2014.			•	
	16.3.2	Falls Strategy Group incorporate Fracture Liaison Service (FLS) development into district Falls strategy and work plan to ensure cross sector involvement and critical links to overall Falls strategy	Falls Strategy completed	Q1	•	
			FLS business case develop and approved	Q3	•	
			FLS implementation	Q4	•	
			25 people assessed by FLS by 30 June 2015		•	
16.4 Supporting Community Providers	16.4.1	Support residential care facilities implementing comprehensive clinical assessments (InterRAI) through the provision of training facilities	100% of residential care facilities are trained and utilise InterRAI	Q4	•	
	16.4.2	CNS Wound Care staff provide on-going clinic services in rural hospitals, and an on-call advisory service to primary care and ARC sector			•	
	16.4.3	Nurse Practitioner continue to provide education sessions to ARC (historically on average 2 sessions a	Maintain 2 sessions per month		•	
		month)	Number of sessions and attendance		•	
	16.4.4 Undertake survey to identify education and training needs in primary care. Engage with DHB education centre to review programme (currently an emphasis on chronic disease management, and health assessment)		Education programme reviewed and updated	Q3	•	
16.5 Work with the South Island Health of Older People Service Level Alliance	16.5.1	Develop a cognitive impairment pathway (incorporating dementia) for primary care consistent across South Island DHBs	Cognitive impairment pathway implemented	Q3	•	

Completed

Underway according to plan

Underway but progress is not as planned

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17 Mental Health and Addiction Service Development Plan

Section	Actions/Activity	Measures	Time-	Progress	Progress Narrative
			frame		
17.1 Rising to the Challenge	17.1.1 Increase uptake of Health of the Nation Outcome Scale (HoNOS)			•	
	17.1.2 Complete Raise HOPE Implementation Plan including phased timeframes for service redesign and reallocation	Raise HOPE Implementation Plan completed	Q1	•	Issue is IT capability and feedback
	17.1.3 Develop clinical pathways to improve access from general practice to community mental health	Pathways to community mental health providers developed	Q3		
	services	Youth AOD Pathway implemented	Q2	•	
	17.1.4 Develop and implement actions from the review perinatal and infant mental health services	Implementation plan endorsed	Q1	•	
	17.1.5 Youth provider network to lead the development of an integrated referral processes	Integrated referral process implemented	Q4	•	
	17.1.6 Mental health and addiction needs assessment and service coordination (NASC) providers continue development of agreed referral pathways	MHA NASC providers implement agreed consistent referral pathways	Q2	•	
17.2 Suicide Prevention	17.2.1 Deliver a suicide prevention training programme designed for health workers and community stakeholders using QPR and Assist training packages	Two primary care focussed training programmes delivered	Q4	•	
	17.2.2 Continue work to support and build community postvention capacity	Two additional communities supported to develop postvention plans	Q4	•	Underway according to plan. Waitaki has confirmed a postvention group and planning is underway in Gore
	17.2.3 Southern DHB suicide response plan developed for the management of suicide clusters/contagion	Southern DHB suicide response plan developed	Q4	•	Underway according to Plan
17.3 Supporting Government Work	17.3.1 Support the Social Sector Trials in South Dunedin and Gore			•	
Programmes	17.3.2 Develop and implement plan for improved integration of COPMIA services	Implement COPMIA plan	Q4	•	
17.4 Work with the South Island Mental Health	17.4.1 Develop a programme to support the reduction in use of seclusion and restraint	Identify current practices	Q1	•	
Network		% use of restraint or seclusion for Maori		•	
	17.4.2 Embed Youth Forensic Service hub based in Dunedin			•	
	17.4.3 Contribute to the South Island collaborative development of the pathway for Children of Parents with Mental Illness and Addiction	Pathway is localised and implemented	Q4	•	

18 Maternal and Child Health

Section	Actions/Activity	Measures	Time-	Progress	Progress Narrative
			frame		
18.1 Pregnancy and Newborn Children	18.1.1 PHO to engage with LMC providers to develop opportunities to undertake data matching with practice records to identify pregnant women not registered with a LMC	80% of women register with an LMC by week 12 of their pregnancy		•	
	18.1.2 SPHO & NIR team develop regular reporting to identify babies not registered with a GP	Unregistered babies are identified and contact made with parents		•	The PHO and DHB's NIR Team are collaborating to identify a solution to the information gap on this requirement.
		98% of newborns are enrolled with general practice by 3 months		•	The PHO and DHB's NIR Team are collaborating to identify a solution to the information gap on this requirement.
	18.1.3 Monitor practice registers to identify newborn babies with a "B" enrolment status for formal registration	PHO identifies B enrolment status and follows up with practices		•	
	18.1.4 Continue implementation of the Maternity Quality Safety Programme (MQSP)	Programme is embedded across the district	Q4	•	
		NZ maternity standards are implemented	Q4	•	
		Complete roll-out of South Island safe sleep policy	Q1	•	
	18.1.5 Once published, implement the national guidelines for the screening, diagnosis and management of gestational diabetes	Implement gestational diabetes guidelines once released		•	Awaiting publication
18.2 Well Child Tamariki Ora	18.2.1 Increase breastfeeding rates in Invercargill through promotions to increase client awareness of free lactation consultant services including NGO Well Child providers	WCTO indicator 1: 54% of eligible children in Invercargill exclusively or fully breastfed at 3 months of age Q2; 60% by June 2016		•	
	18.2.2 Maintain coverage of B4 School Checks	WCTO indicator 2: 90% of eligible children receive B4 School Check, including at least 90% living in high deprivation areas		•	
18.3 Oral Health	18.3.1 Maintain existing evening clinics in Dunedin and establish an evening or weekend clinic in Invercargill	After hours clinic established	Q2	•	Service is maintaining existing evening clinics in Dunedin. However, Dental therapy vacancies have hampered the start in Southland.
	18.3.2 Complete an evaluation of need for transporting of high needs families. Develop district wide policy on transporting of high needs families	Policy is developed	Q3	•	
	18.3.3 Undertake district wide review of Did Not Attend (DNA) rates, and identify individual clinics with high DNA rates	DNA rates <15%		•	
	18.3.4 Oral health promotion team will work closely with Well Child Providers, Plunket, Maori providers and Pacific providers to promote enrolment with child oral health services	WCTO indicator 3: 86% of preschool children are enrolled with the Community Oral Health Service (COHS) Q4; 95% of eligible children are enrolled with COHS by June 2016		•	Progress slower due to vacancy.

19 Improving Quality

Improving Quality	T	10.00.00		1	T	B
Section	Action	s/Activity	Measures	Time- frame	Progress	Progress Narrative
19.1 Falls Prevention	19.1.1	Review falls prevention policies, procedures and guidelines	Falls prevention review	Q2	•	
	19.1.2	Implement revised falls assessment and planning tool \rightarrow Ask, Assess, Act	90% of older patients are given a falls risk assessment		•	Assessment and Planning tool revised and implemented. However all wards not yet using the update documentation.
			90% of at risk patients with individualised care plan		•	As above
19.2 Surgical Safety Checklist	19.2.1	Continue utilisation of the three part surgical safety checklist in the main operating theatres in Dunedin and Invercargill. Commence implementation of	Maintain 90% utilisation of the three part surgical safety checklist used in the main operating theatres		•	
		surgical safety checklist to Day Surgery Units	Attain 90% utilisation of the three part surgical safety checklist used in day surgery		•	
19.3 Hand Hygiene	19.3.1	Introduce monthly hand hygiene report into wards			•	Introduction to the wards via the patient safety boards, However all wards not yet completing. Hand Hygiene rate has improved 16% in last 12 months now at 75%.
	19.3.2	Work with undergraduate training schools to standardise hand hygiene information and training	80% compliance with good hand hygiene practice		•	
9.4 Surgical Site Infection Programme (SSIP)	n 19.4.1	Establish monthly local data reporting for Surgical Site Infection (SSI)			•	This has not yet been made available from the National programme.
	19.4.2	2 Establish steering group to continue Surgical Site Infection (SSI) National Surveillance Programme implementation.	95% of hip and knee replacement patients receive cephazolin ≥ 2g as surgical prophylaxis		•	
			100% of hip and knee replacement patients have appropriate skin preparation		•	
			100% of patients receive antimicrobial prophylaxis 0-60 minutes before surgery		•	
19.5 Central Line Insertion Bundle (CLAB)	n 19.5.1	Dunedin Hospital and Southland Hospital main operating theatres & ICU implement insertion bundle and establish national reporting	90% compliance in Central Line Insertion Bundle to reduce Central Line Associated Bacteraemia (CLAB)		•	
19.6 E-medicine / E- prescribing	19.6.1	Electronic Prescribing and Administration (ePA) system is implemented in DHB hospital wards	ePA implemented at Dunedin Hospital	Q1	•	
			ePA implemented at Southland Hospital	Q2	•	
			ePA implemented at Wakari Hospital	Q3	•	
19.7 Patient Experience Indicators	19.7.1	Implement the HQSC national inpatient survey which contains the four "domains" of patient experience (communication, partnership, coordination and physical and emotional support)			•	
19.8 Quality Accounts	19.8.1	Quality Accounts are refined and further developed in line with HQSC expectations	Participation in national workshop		•	
			Quality Account is published with Annual Report		•	

20 Information Systems

Info	rmation Systems						
Sec	ion	Action	s/Activity	Measures	Time-	Progress	Progress Narrative
					frame		
20.3	eMedicines Reconciliation (eMR)	20.1.1	DHB is committed to implementing electronic medicines reconciliation (eMR).			•	
	with eDischarge Summary	20.1.2	Install the Health Connect South Clinical Workstation (Concerto) which is a pre-requisite for eMR.	Health Connect South Clinical Workstation installed	Q3	•	
		20.1.3	Install and implement eMR (will be positioned as a project once HCS has been implemented)	Commence eMR project	Q4	•	
20.2	Regional Clinical Workstation (CWS) and Clinical Data	20.2.1	The DHB commits to implementing the regional Clinical Workstation (CWS) (Concerto) and Clinical Data Repository (CDR).			•	
	Repository (CDR)	20.2.2	Install the Health Connect South Clinical Workstation (Concerto), the Southern Regions Clinical Workstation solution.	Health Connect South Clinical Workstation installed	Q3	•	
		20.2.3	Regional Clinical Data Repository completed (as part of the Health Connect South Clinical Workstation project).	Clinical Data Repository completed	Q3	•	
20.3	Self-Care Portal	20.3.1	The DHB will develop an implementation plan with relevant PHOs to enable individuals to have access to their own health information and allow hospital based services, in particular, ED, to have access to a summary view of primary care information.			•	
20.4	National Patient Flow	20.4.1	The DHB commits to collecting First Specialist Assessment (FSA) referral information, including outcomes of referrals, from July 2014 (Phase 1); and to collecting Phase 2 information from July 2015.			•	

SOUTHERN DISTRICT HEALTH BOARD

Title:	FIN	NANCIAL REPOR	Т					
Report to:		ability Support and mmittees	nd Community & Public Health Advisory					
Date of Meeting	g: 5 N	lovember 2014						
Summary: The issues consid • September		his paper are: unds result						
Specific implications for consideration (financial/workforce/risk/legal etc):								
Financial:	As s	set out in report.						
Workforce:	No s	specific implication	ıs					
Other:	n/a							
Document previ submitted to:	iously	Not applicable, redirectly to DSAC/	•	Date: n/a				
Prepared by:			Presented by:					
David Dickson Finance Manager			Sandra Boardman Executive Director Planning & Funding					
Date: 22/10/201	4							
RECOMMENDAT	ION:							
1. That the i	1. That the report be received.							

DSAC / CPHAC FINANCIAL REPORT

Financial Report as at: 30 September 2014
Report Prepared by: David Dickson
Date: 20 October 2014

Recommendations:

• That the Committees note the Financial Report.

1. DHB Funds Result

The overall Funder result follows;

	Month			`	Year to Date	
Actual	Budget	Variance		Actual	Budget	Variance
\$' 000	\$' 000	\$' 000		\$' 000	\$' 000	\$' 000
69,407	69,334	73	Revenue	208,416	208,272	144
(70,201)	(69,378)	(823)	Less Other Costs	(209,523)	(208,063)	(1,460)
(794)	(44)	(750)	Net Surplus / (Deficit)	(1,107)	209	(1,316)
			Expenses			
(49,943)	(49,734)	(209)	Personal Health	(148,885)	(148,420)	(465)
(7,220)	(7,090)	(130)	Mental Health	(21,374)	(21,269)	(105)
(555)	(624)	69	Public Health	(2,125)	(2,140)	15
(11,581)	(11,052)	(529)	Disability Support	(34,478)	(33,601)	(877)
(177)	(153)	(24)	Maori Health	(486)	(458)	(28)
(725)	(725)	0	Other	(2,175)	(2,175)	0
(70,201)	(69,378)	(823)	Expenses	(209,523)	(208,063)	(1,460)

Summary Comment:

The full year budget is not approved and is not included in these reports.

For September the Funder had a deficit of \$0.8m against a budget close to breakeven. Revenue was favourable by \$0.1m and has cost offset. Costs overall were unfavourable by \$0.8m in September and \$1.5m YTD.

For the three months to September there are appropriately \$0.8m of prior year costs impacting in the current year, with DSS \$0.4m, labs \$0.1m and pharmaceuticals \$0.2m. These relate to accrual assumptions made at the end of the 13/14 financial year and when the actual payments have been made it has shown costs in excess of the assumptions made at year-end. A number of incorrect budgeting assumptions have contributed significantly to the unfavourable Funder position.

2. Results by Grouping

The following table shows revenue and expenditure by Personal Health, Mental Health, Public Health, Disability Support, Maori Health, and Funding and Governance.

	Month			`	ear to Date)
Actual		Variance		Actual	Budget	Variance
\$' 000	\$'000	\$' 000		\$'000	\$' 000	\$' 000
			Revenue			
60,895	60,834	61	Personal Health	182,604	182,499	105
7,048	7,040	9	Mental Health	21,144	21,118	26
671	705	(34)	Public Health	2,281	2,384	(102)
68	32	36	Disability Support	203	95	108
2	0	2	Maori Health	7	0	7
725	725	0	Funding and Governance	2,176	2,176	0
69,409	69,335	74	Revenue total	208,415	208,272	143
			Expenses			
(49,943)	(49,734)	(209)	Personal Health	(148,884)	(148, 420)	(464)
(7,220)	(7,090)	(130)	Mental Health	(21,374)	(21,269)	(105)
(555)	(624)	69	Public Health	(2,125)	(2,140)	15
(11,581)	(11,052)	(529)	Disability Support	(34,478)	(33,601)	(877)
(177)	(153)	(24)	Maori Health	(486)	(458)	(28)
(725)	(725)	0	Funding and Governance	(2,176)	(2,176)	0
(70,201)	(69,378)	(823)	Expenses total	(209,523)	(208,064)	(1,459)
			Surplus (Deficit)			
10,952	11,100	(148)	Personal Health	33,720	34,079	(359)
(172)	(50)	(121)	Mental Health	(230)	(151)	(79)
116	81	35	Public Health	156	244	(87)
(11,513)	(11,020)	(493)	Disability Support	(34,275)	(33,506)	(769)
(175)	(153)	(22)	Maori Health	(479)	(458)	(21)
0	0	0	Funding and Governance	0	0	0
(792)	(43)	(749)		(1,108)	208	(1,316)

- Personal Health had costs ahead of budget for labs and palliative care along with price adjustors and premiums, which has revenue offset.
- Mental Health revenue is close to budget with additional costs related to home based residential support.
- Public Health, in September well child promotion costs were transferred to Personal Health (which held the budget for these costs) with the YTD now close to budget.
- DSS costs were unfavourable for the month, with home support, needs assessment and
 environmental support services (which is a transfer, and on budget YTD) all unfavourable.
 Rest home and hospital variances offset in the month with a \$0.4m combined unfavourable
 variance YTD, which relates to prior year costs. Respite care is also ahead of budget for the
 month and YTD (\$0.1m).

3. DHB Funds Result split by NGO and Provider

Personal Health	Actual \$(000)	urrent Monti Budget \$(000)	Variance \$(000)	Variance	Actual \$(000)	Year to Date Budget \$(000)	Variance \$(000)	Variance
	φ(συυ)	φ(υυυ)	φ(υυυ)	70	φ(υυυ)	φ(υυυ)	φ(υυυ)	70
Jorsonal Hoalth - Browider A								
Personal Health - Provider Arm Child and Youth	(348)	(348)			(1,045)	(1,045)		
Laboratory	(340)	(340)			(1,043)	(1,043)		
Infertility Treatment Services	(92)	(92)			(275)	(275)		
Maternity	(42)	(42)			(125)	(125)		
Maternity (Tertiary & Secondary)	(1,380)	(1,380)			(4,140)	(4,140)		
Pregnancy and Parenting Education	(3)	(3)			(8)	(8)		
Neo Natal Sexual Health	(660) (87)	(660) (87)			(1,981) (261)	(1,981) (261)		
Adolescent Dental Benefit	(26)	(26)			(79)	(79)		
Dental - Low Income Adult	(22)	(22)			(67)	(67)		
Child (School) Dental Services	(595)	(595)			(1,785)	(1,785)		
Secondary / Tertiary Dental	(116)	(116)			(349)	(349)		
Pharmaceuticals	(157)	(292)	135 F	(46%)	(709)	(875)		, ,
Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatment Drugs	(375)	(386)	11 F	(3%)	(1,207)	(1,157)		4%
Pharmacy Services	(9)	(9)			(26)	(26)		
Rural Support for Primary Health Pro Immunisation	(71) (70)	(71) (70)			(212) (209)	(212) (209)		
Radiology	(268)	(268)			(805)	(805)		
Palliative Care	(7)	(7)			(21)	(21)		
Meals on Wheels	(33)	(33)			(100)	(100)		
Domicilary & District Nursing	(994)	(994)			(2,983)	(2,983)		
Community based Allied Health	(416)	(416)			(1,248)	(1,248)		
Chronic Disease Management and Educa	(160)	(160)			(481)	(481)		
Medical Inpatients	(5,653)	(5,653)			(16,959)	(16,959)		
Medical Outpatients	(3,272)	(3,272)			(9,816)	(9,816)		
Surgical Inpatients	(10,628)	(10,628)			(31,884)	(31,884)		
Surgical Outpatients	(1,548)	(1,548)			(4,643)	(4,643)		
Paediatric Inpatients	(644)	(644)			(1,933)	(1,933)		
Paediatric Outpatients	(269)	(269)			(807)	(807)		
Pacific Peoples' Health Emergency Services	(10) (1,478)	(10) (1,478)			(30) (4,435)	(4,435)		
Minor Personal Health Expenditure	(26)	(26)			(77)	(4,433)		
Price adjusters and Premium	(422)	(422)			(1,265)	(1,265)		
Travel & Accomodation	(4)	(4)			(13)	(13)		
	(29,885)	(30,031)	146 F	0%	(89,979)	(90,095)		0%
ersonal Health NGO		(00)	00 5			(0.50)	050 5	
Personal Health to allocate Child and Youth	(98)	(83)	83 F (64) U	(188%)	(85)	(250) (102)		
Laboratory	(1,599)	(1,465)	(134) U	(9%)	(4,681)	(4,394)		
Infertility Treatment Services	(1,555)	(9)	9 F	(370)	(4,001)	(27)		
Maternity	(220)	(220)			(673)	(661)		
Maternity (Tertiary & Secondary)	(7)	(14)	6 F	47%	(8)	(41)		
Pregnancy and Parenting Education	(6)	(10)	4 F	36%	(21)	(29)	8 F	27%
Maternity Payment Schedule	-	-			-	-		
Neo Natal	-	-			-	-		
Sexual Health	(2)	(1)		(1%)	(5)	(4)		(1%)
Adolescent Dental Benefit	(220)	(174)	(46) U	(27%)	(513)	(530)	17 F	3%
Other Dental Services	- (FF)	(55)			(4.00)	(4.00)	4 F	20/
Dental - Low Income Adult Child (School) Dental Sonices	(55)	(55)	23 F	65%	(162)	(166)		
Child (School) Dental Services Secondary / Tertiary Dental	(12) (126)	(35) (126)	23 F	05%	(67)	(107)		37%
Pharmaceuticals	(6,521)	(6,406)	(115) U	(2%)	(18,550)	(18,219)		(2%)
Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatment Drugs	-	(0, 100)	(1.0) 0	(270)	(10,000)	(.0,2.0)	(00.) 0	(270)
Pharmacy Services	(28)	(61)	33 F	54%	(67)	(182)	115 F	63%
Management Referred Services	`-	-			-	-		
General Medical Subsidy	(89)	(90)	1 F	1%	(238)	(255)		6%
Primary Practice Services - Capitated	(3,506)	(3,511)	5 F		(10,605)	(10,533)		
Primary Health Care Strategy - Care	(303)	(318)	15 F	5%	(944)	(954)		
Primary Health Care Strategy - Health	(359)	(337)	(23) U	(7%)	(1,014)	(1,010)	` '	
Primary Health Care Strategy - Other	(243)	(255)	12 F	5%	(751)	(764)		
Practice Nurse Subsidy Rural Support for Primary Health Pro	(6)	(16)	10 F 24 F	62% 2%	(39)	(49)		
Immunisation	(1,289) (56)	(1,313) (102)	24 F 45 F	2% 45%	(3,906) (272)	(3,939)		
Radiology	(204)	(102)	(8) U	(4%)	(591)	(588)		
Palliative Care	(617)	(488)	(128) U	(26%)	(1,646)	(1,465)		
Meals on Wheels	(20)	(20)	(.20, 0	(2070)	(60)	(60)		(.270)
Domicilary & District Nursing	(381)	(435)	54 F	12%	(1,345)	(1,312)		(3%)
Community based Allied Health	(168)	(168)	(1) U		(505)	(503)		
Chronic Disease Management and Educa	(89)	(95)	6 F	7%	(265)	(285)		
Medical Inpatients	-	-			-	-		
Medical Outpatients	(410)	(397)	(13) U	(3%)	(1,236)	(1,192)		
Surgical Inpatients	(11)	(19)	8 F	40%	(53)	(56)		
Surgical Outpatients	(139)	(146)	7 F	5%	(417)	(439)	22 F	5%
Paediatric Inpatients	-	-			-	-		
Paediatric Outpatients	- (4.4)	- (4.2)		407	- (22)	(25)		0.5-
Pacific Peoples' Health	(11)	(12)	(4) 11	4%	(23)	(35)		
Emergency Services	(159)	(156)	(4) U	(2%)	(503)	(467)		
	(75)	(74)	(1) U (111) U	(1%) (133%)	(220) (423)	(222)		
Minor Personal Health Expenditure	(40E)				147.31			
Price adjusters and Premium	(195)	(83)						
Price adjusters and Premium Travel & Accomodation	(432)	(380)	(52) U	(14%)	(1,429)	(1,312)	(117) U	(9%)
Price adjusters and Premium							(117) U	(9%)

Costs for personal health were ahead of budget for September by \$0.2m, with additional lab costs for send away and other unbudgeted tests \$0.1m. Child and youth costs have been transferred in the month with the YTD now close to budget. Palliative care is ahead of budget for the month by \$0.1m, with the YTD now \$0.2m unfavourable.

Pharmaceuticals are expected to come back into line with the PHARMAC budget by the year end. The Clinical Laboratory Advisory Group has been asked to review send-away tests and ensure best clinical practice. Further detailed analysis is being undertaken to determine why palliative care and travel and accommodation costs are higher than anticipated.

Mental Health

	c	urrent Mont	h		Year to Date				
Mental Health	Actual	Budget	Variance	Variance	Actual	Budget	Variance	Variance	
·	\$(000)	\$(000)	\$(000)	%	\$(000)	\$(000)	\$(000)	%	
	,								
Mandal Harlib Brandslan Assa									
Mental Health - Provider Arm	9	9			00	28			
Mental Health to allocate	-	-			28				
Acute Mental Health Inpatients	(1,143)	(1,143)			(3,430)	(3,430)			
Sub-Acute & Long Term Mental Health	(304)	(304)			(912)	(912)			
Crisis Respite	(2)	(2)			(6)	(6)			
Alcohol & Other Drugs - General	(272)	(272)			(817)	(817)			
Methadone	(94)	(94)			(283)	(283)			
Dual Diagnosis - Alcohol & Other Drugs	(8)	(8)			(25)	(25)			
Dual Diagnosis - MH/ID	(5)	(5)			(15)	(15)			
Child & Youth Mental Health Services	(579)	(579)			(1,736)	(1,736)			
Forensic Services	(509)	(509)			(1,528)	(1,528)			
Kaupapa Maori Mental Health Services	(146)	(146)			(438)	(438)			
Mental Health Community Services	(1,752)	(1,752)			(5,255)	(5,255)			
Prison/Court Liaison	(45)	(45)			(134)	(134)			
Day Activity & Work Rehabilitation S	(63)	(63)			(190)	(190)			
Mental Health Funded Services for Older P	(36)	(36)			(107)	(107)			
Advocacy / Peer Support - Consumer	(35)	(35)			(104)	(104)			
Other Home Based Residential Support	(58)	(58)			(174)	(174)			
''	(5,042)	(5,042)			(15,126)	(15,126)			
Mental Health - NGO		, , ,			` ' '				
Mental Health to allocate	-	(38)	38 F		-	(114)	114 F		
Crisis Respite	(5)	(5)		(3%)	(14)	(14)		(1%)	
Alcohol & Other Drugs - General	5	(55)		` ,	(134)	(164)		` ,	
Alcohol & Other Drugs - Child & Youth	(100)	(102)			(325)	(306)			
Dual Diagnosis - Alcohol & Other Drugs	(102)	(36)		(182%)	(139)	(109)			
Eating Disorder	(11)	(16)		33%	(39)	(48)			
Maternal Mental Health	(4)	(4)			(11)	(11)			
Child & Youth Mental Health Services	(271)	(241)		(12%)	(831)	(724)		(15%)	
Forensic Services	(=)	(4)		` '	(66.)	(11)		, ,	
Kaupapa Maori Mental Health Services	(6)	(6)			(18)	(18)			
Mental Health Community Services	(150)	(127)		(19%)	(401)	(380)		(6%)	
Day Activity & Work Rehabilitation S	(136)	(136)	` '	(1370)	(409)	(409)	. ,	(070)	
Advocacy / Peer Support - Consumer	(23)	(23)		3%	(69)	(70)		1%	
Other Home Based Residential Support		. ,			(1,060)	(945)			
Advocacy / Peer Support - Families	(369) (52)	(315) (52)		(1770)	(1,060)	(945)		(12%)	
		. ,		(120/)				20/	
Community Residential Beds & Service	(509)	(457)			(1,343)	(1,370)			
Minor Mental Health Expenditure	(41)	(32)		, ,	(91)	(96)			
Inter District Flow Mental Health	(403)	(399)			(1,208)	(1,198)			
Total Mental Health	(2,177) (7,219)	(2,048) (7,090)	. ,		(6,249) (21,375)	(6,144) (21,270)	(105) U		

Mental Health Expenditure:

 Provider arm, with no wash-up occurring this financial year, mental health within the provider arm match budget.

- Mental health NGO budget should be favourable due to the "mental health to allocate" line.
 However there appears to be a budgeting error in the "child and youth mental health services" line, which is being investigated.
- NGO providers are unfavourable in September by \$0.1m and YTD by \$0.1m. This is driven
 by home based residential and community residential beds and services ahead of budget;
 and the impact of the price adjuster for the sleepover settlement, which is supported by
 additional revenue that has yet to be allocated to this cost centre. Detailed analysis is being
 undertaken to identify the reasons for the unanticipated increase in expenditure since the
 implementation of the new HBSS contract in 2013.

Public Health

	C	Current Montl	h		Year to Date				
Public Health	Actual Budget		Variance	Variance	Actual	Budget	Variance	Variance	
	\$(000)	\$(000)	\$(000)	%	\$(000)	\$(000)	\$(000)	%	
Public Health - Provider Arm									
Alcohol & Drug	(36)	(36)			(108)	(108)			
Communicable Diseases	(97)	(97)			(291)	(291)			
Injury Prevention	-	-			-	-			
Mental Health	(22)	(22)			(67)	(67)			
Screening Programmes	(104)	(112)	7 F	(6%)	(580)	(604)	24 F	(4%)	
Nutrition and Physical Activity	(23)	(23)			(68)	(68)			
Physical Environment	(36)	(36)			(108)	(108)			
Public Health Infrastructure	(128)	(128)			(383)	(383)			
Sexual Health	(12)	(12)			(36)	(36)			
Social Environments	(38)	(38)			(114)	(114)			
Tobacco Control	(81)	(81)			(244)	(244)			
	(577)	(585)	7 F	1%	(1,999)	(2,023)	24 F	1%	
Public Health - NGO									
Nutrition and Physical Activity	(23)	(27)	3 F	12%	(77)	(80)	3 F	4%	
Tobacco Control	(18)	(12)	(5) U	(41%)	(50)	(37)	(13) U	(33%)	
Well Child Promotion	63	-	63 F		-	-			
	22	(39)			(127)	(117)			
Total Public Health	(555)	(624)	68 F	11%	(2,126)	(2,140)	14 F	1%	

Public health expenditure:

- Provider arm, the small screening favourable variance is offset with less revenue in the month and YTD than budgeted.
- NGO, close to budget for the YTD, with well child promotion costs transferred in September to Personal Health, under child and youth where these costs were budgeted.

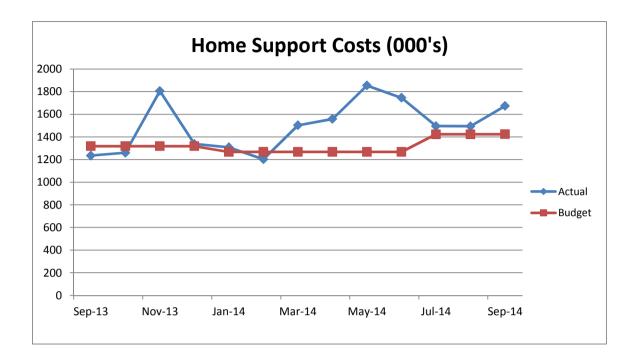
Disability Support Services

	C	urrent Montl	1		Year to Date				
DSS	Actual	Budget	Variance	Variance	Actual	Budget	Variance	Variance	
<i>"</i>	\$(000)	\$(000)	\$(000)	%	\$(000)	\$(000)	\$(000)	%	
Disability Support Services - Provider Arr	n								
AT & R (Assessment, Treatment and Re	(1,688)	(1,688)			(5,065)	(5,065)			
Needs Assessment	(138)	(138)			(414)	(414)			
Service Co-ordination	(19)	(19)			(58)	(58)			
Long Term Chronic Conditions	(8)	(8)			(24)	(24)			
Ageing in Place	(2)	(2)			(7)	(7)			
Environmental Support Services	(2)	(2)		_	(7)	(7)			
Minor Disability Support Expenditure	(8)	(8)			(25)	(25)			
Community Health Services & Support	(21)	(21)			(63)	(63)			
Community ricular Services & Support	(1,886)	(1,886)		,	(5,663)	(5,663)		•	
					, , ,	,			
Disability Support Services - NGO									
AT & R (Assessment, Treatment and Re	(297)	(297)			(892)	(892)			
Information and Advisory	(12)	(12)			(36)	(36)			
Needs Assessment	(77)	(22)	(55) U	(256%)	(168)	(65)	(103) U	(159%)	
Service Co-ordination	(5)	-	(5) U		(6)	-	(6) U		
Home Support	(1,673)	(1,423)	(250) U	(18%)	(4,661)	(4,268)	(393) U	(9%)	
Carer Support	(158)	(144)	(14) U	(10%)	(404)	(433)	28 F	7%	
Residential Care: Rest Homes	(3,389)	(2,900)	(489) U	(17%)	(9,610)	(8,890)	(720) U	(8%)	
Residential Care: Loans Adjustment	11	23	(12) U	51%	43	68	(25) U	37%	
Long Term Chronic Conditions	4	-	4 F		-	-			
Residential Care: Hospitals	(3,386)	(3,817)	432 F	11%	(11,343)	(11,699)	356 F	3%	
Ageing in Place	-	-			-	-			
Environmental Support Services	(289)	(108)	(181) U	(168%)	(294)	(323)	29 F	9%	
Day Programmes	(9)	(46)	37 F	80%	(92)	(139)	47 F	34%	
Expenditure to Attend Treatment ETAT	-	-			-	-			
Minor Disability Support Expenditure	-	(9)	9 F		-	(27)	27 F		
Respite Care	(108)	(95)	(13) U	(14%)	(417)	(286)	(131) U	(46%)	
Community Health Services & Support	(50)	(60)	` 9 F	16%	(163)	(179)	15 F	9%	
Inter District Flow Disability Support	(256)	(256)			(769)	(769)			
Disability Support Other	-	-			-	-			
,	(9,694)	(9,166)	(528) U	(225%)	(28,812)	(27,938)	(876)	(
Total Disability Support Services	(11,580)	(11,052)	(528) U		(34,475)	(33,601)	(876) Ú	(23%)	

DSS expenditure is on budget for the Provider arm, with transfers as per budget.

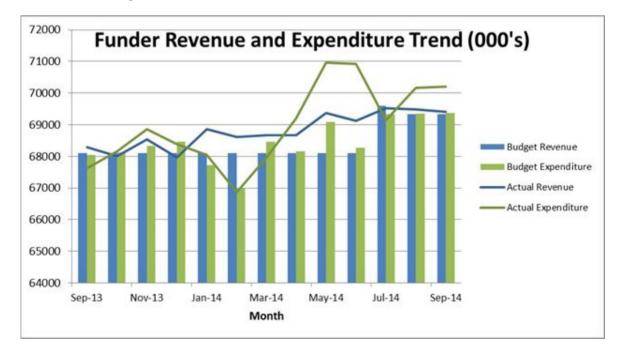
NGO costs are unfavourable, with home support, needs assessment and environmental support services (which is a transfer to Personal Health in the month and on budget YTD) all unfavourable. Rest home and hospital variances offset in the month with a \$0.4m combined unfavourable variance YTD, which relates to prior year costs. Respite care is also ahead of budget for the month and YTD (\$0.1m)

The following graph shows home support costs compared to budget for the 12 months to September. There are two parts to the contract with the HCSS Alliance, a capped contract for the long term care and a fee for service contract for short term and other packages of care. The cost of the latter was not included in budget assumptions for 2014/15. Expenditure over budget is therefore expected to continue.



4. Revenue and Expenditure Trend

The following table shows actual and budget for revenue and expenditure for the 12 months to September 2014. Revenue is close to budget, with expenditure tracking at similar levels to August and ahead of budget.



DSAC / CPHAC Workplan 2014								
Output	Timeframe	Reporting Frequency			ss	Reports / Presentation Schedule		
		rrequency	Behind	On Target	Complete			
Child & Youth Child and Youth Steering Group - Develop communications strategy - Complete stocktake of child and youth health services - Develop Child & Youth Strategies	Meets six weekly In progress TBC	Quarterly				A report/presentation will be submitted to the November 2014 DSAC-CPHAC Committee Meeting		
- WCTO Quality Improvement Framework Social Sector Trials Compass	Ongoing Ongoing Ongoing	Quarterly Six monthly Annual						
Childrens Action Plan	Ongoing	Annual						
Cancer Services - Cancer Networks (local & SCN) - SDHB Cancer Control Plan	Ongoing Ongoing	Quarterly Quarterly				A report/presentation will be submitted to the December 2014 DSAC-CPHAC Committee Meeting		
Health of Older Persons - Age Related Residential Care - Home & Community Support Services Alliance - Palliative Care - Dementia		Annual Six month Annual Annual				A report/presentation on residential care will be submitted to the May 2014 DSAC-CPHAC Committee Meeting		
Mental Health - Development of implementation plan for Raise HOPE (MH&A Strategic Plan) - Phased implementation of Raise HOPE - Implementation Prime Ministers Youth Mental Health project initiatives - Suicide prevention	June 2014 ongoing	Bimonthly update Quarterly six monthly six monthly				A report/presentation will be submitted to the July 2014 DSAC-CPHAC Committee Meeting		
Primary Care	On-going On-going June 14 On-going On-going On-going	Quarterly Six Monthly Bi Monthly Quarterly Quarterly Monthly Quarterly				A report/presentation will be submitted to the October 2014 DSAC-CPHAC Committee Meeting		
Southern PHO	On-going	Monthly						
Southern Health Alliance Leadership Team (SHALT)	On-going	Monthly						

DSAC / CPHAC Workplan 2014								
Output	Timeframe	Reporting	Pr	ogress		Reports / Presentation Schedule		
		Frequency	Behind	On Target	Complete			
Rural Health Rural hospital trusts – performance monitoring	Ongoing	Quarterly						
Performance Monitoring - SOI Indicators / DAP Measures - PHO Performance Programme - Health Targets (Diabetes, Smoking, CVD, Immunisation)								
Public Health - Family Violence Intervention Programme - Hep C - Needle Exchange		Six monthly Annual Annual				A report/presentation will be submitted to the September 2014 DSAC-CPHAC Committee Meeting.		
Maori Health - Maori Health Plan - Whanau Ora - Nurse-led Clinics		Six monthly						
Pacific Health - General Update		Six monthly						
Population Health - Before Schools Check - School Based Health Services - Vaccine Preventable Disease - Screening programmes - Child Mortality Review Group - Sexual health services		Six monthly						
Public Health South	Ongoing	Bi-Monthly						